FAYETTEVILLE OBSERVER.

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THE OBSERVER.

THURSDAY.....MARCH 21, 1895.

NEWS AND COMMENTS.

The Y. M. C. A. convention meets in Raleigh next Thursday.

The United States Marine Band will give a concert at Goldsboro on the 29th.

Mr. Gladstone attributes his long life to the fact that he always kept Sunday apart from his ordinary life.

Statistics afforded by the United States life saving service show that there are 1,431 disasters to our own vessels each year, and that 564 of them are total losses.

The populists of the Tenth Congressional district of Georgia nominated Thomas E. Watson for the race in the special election against Congressman Black, who resigned to run again.

Rome, Ga., has captured a Massachusetts cotton mill by the gift of 200 acres of land near the city. The land was paid for by popular subscription and donated for the mill site and operatives' houses.

Congressman Fielder, of New Jersey, has generously handed over $9,000, being the salary of the unexpired term to the widow of the man whose death has made an opening for him in Congress.

Of the 220,000 officers and men on the rolls of the British army at the close of the year, 106,000 were stationed in the British Isles, 26,600 of them in Ireland, 38,000 in the colonies and Egypt and 78,000 in India.

Twenty-seven war vessels were added to the British Navy last year, exclusive of five torpedo boats, at a cost of about $12,000,000. The record for 1895 will go even beyond this. England is enlarging her navy with even more zeal than ever before.

Total net receipts of cotton at all ports since September 1, 1894: Galveston, 1,553,121; New Orleans, 2,264,451; Mobile, 228,383; Savannah, 852,038; Charleston, 405,237; Wilmington, 225,536; Norfolk, 420,082; Baltimore, 103,050; New York, 163,035; Boston 244,044; Newport News, 31,027; Philadelphia, 70,963; West Point, 259,375; Brunswick, 94,217; Velasco, 592; Port Royal, 129,428. Total, 7,044,604.

Through all this mess, says the Wilmington Star, Governor Carr has shown himself a good Democrat and a man of courage. No Legislature ever got better advice than he gave this one at the beginning. His special message on penitentiary affairs, a few days ago, was dignified and becoming. He has stood all along upon what he conceived to be his rights, and in his conception of these he nominated Messrs. Jones and Meares, for Judges of the western and eastern Criminal Circuits, respectively. It may be taken for granted that he did this under legal advice, and that he is fortified for a contest in the courts.

Bradstreet's of last week says: There are more favorable trade features this week than unfavorable ones, but in most instances they outweigh the latter, which point to a continuance to a small volume of business and quiet demand. Unfavorable weather, which has served to check demand so many weeks, continues to make itself felt South and in many parts of the West. In the South, Atlanta, New Orleans and Galveston alone report evidences of gain, modified at the first point by rain and at the second by labor riots. The phosphates market is more active at Charleston, that for drugs at Chattanooga, and for naval stores at Savannah. In other respects Southern trade is quiet, and in some instances unsatisfactory.

The London correspondent of the New York Times says: "Mr. Astor, I am told, intends winding up all three of his newspaper properties—the Pall Mall Gazette, Magazine and Budget—selling Cliveden and his London leases, and returning to America. It is impossible to verify the report, but it comes to me from a source entitled to confidence. He paid a quarter of a million dollars for the Gazette alone, which an excessive price, my informant says. He has recently offered it for sale, with the other two thrown in, for $200,000, but failing to find purchasers, or even bidders at their own price, decided to put an end to them. Two million dollars is mentioned as the round sum that his experience as a publisher cost him."

The disappearance of eighteen Senators, says a despatch from Washington, will make an entire change in the appearance of the Senate floor when that body meets again. Instead of a majority of the desks being on the Democratic side they now appear on the Republican side, and in this connection it is interesting to know that at the request of Senator Marion Butler, of North Carolina, his desk has been placed on the Republican side. Senator Butler is the Populist elected by the fusion Legislature that at the same time gave the two year term to Senator Pritchard, Republican. The fact that Senator Butler has asked to be seated on the Republican side is taken as an indication that he will act with the Republicans in matters pertaining to the organization and other questions that are not inconsistent with his views on peculiar subjects.

There are already signs of wide-spread popular ignorance as to the date when the present century ends and the next one begins, declares the New York Tribune. People are writing to the newspapers to find out, and if every newspaper should state the fact accurately a hundred times a year from now till the nineteenth century is ended every community would still contain persons insisting that January 1, 1900, will mark the beginning of the twentieth century. It is rather discouraging, in view of the general misapprehension which exists, to see so intelligent a man as Dr. Felix Adler saying, as he did in a recent lecture—if accurately reported—that there are five years more in this century. It would be an excellent thing if teachers in the public schools everywhere would take special pains to impress on their pupils the fact that the new century will not arrive till January 1, 1901. The lesson will need to be repeated many times in order to make the impression lasting. Perhaps state school superintendents might wisely issue a circular letter calling attention to this matter at an early date.

SINCE OUR LAST ISSUE.

Latest News from all Parts of the World, Prepared Especially for the Readers of "The Observer."

Holt Schaefer & Co, large tobacco dealers, Lynchburg, Va., have made an assignment. Liabilities represented to be about $45,000, mostly due in foreign countries. ——A semi-official paragraph in the Tribune says in reference to the Chinese mission to Rome that Italy will take no steps in the East without the co-operation of the other European powers. ——The Prussian Government has ordered that all schools be closed on April 1st, Bismarck's birthday. Special prayers will be offered in all the Evangelical churches for Bismarck on Sunday, March 31. ——A Havana dispatch says nothing is known there of the Spanish cruiser firing upon the American steamer Alliance off the Cuban coast last week. The Department of Marine Affairs telegraphed to Gibrara for details. ——The ship May Flint, formerly the steamer Persian Monarch, which has been rebuilt at Newport News, and is now the largest sailing vessel afloat, is in Baltimore loading coal for San Francisco. ——The Spanish Government has begun exercising strict censorship over all dispatches to and from Cuba. Nothing unfavorable to the Government is permitted to pass. No cipher messages are sent unless the key be given to the Government. ——J M. Newcomb, the grocery merchant of Petersburg, Va., who turned up in Greensboro, N. C., a day or two ago, after having been mourned by his family as dead for the past six months, has arrived at his home accompanied by his son, in a very feeble condition. —— At Huntington, W. Va., while a small crowd of children, just dismissed from school, were crossing the Chesapeake & Ohio Railway track, an engine ran into them and George Quinn, a 7-year-old child, was ground to an unrecognizable mass by the locomotive, and several others were slightly injured. —— F. A. Daughtery, who murdered Charles Chambers, over a business difficulty, on Red River bridge, committed suicide in his cell in Caddo (La.) jail with a small knife. Both men were prominent. ——One of the best bargains ever obtained at public auction of securities was the purchase of 859 shares of the Whitney Bank of New Orleans at 165 at the New York Real Estate Exchange. Reports from New Orleans quote this stock at 350 bid. The transaction accordingly shows a profit of $158,915 in one day. It is supposed that the value of the stock was not understood, as occasionally happens in the case of public auction sales. ——The Central News' correspondent in Lisbon says the British Minister in Rio Janeiro has been successful in his mediation between Brazil and Portugal, that the entente has been renewed and that diplomatic relations will be resumed. ——For the second time since the war Winchester was practically under military control last week. On the 5th instant Thornton Parker, colored, was arrested for attempted criminal assault on Mrs. Melton, a respectable married lady. Threats of lynching had been made and the negroes have expressed their intention to rescue the negro and burn the town. The municipal officers, therefore, decided to place the city under military protection. Three companies seventy-five men of the Second Virginia regiment, under Col. J. C. Baker, was sent for, and were virtually in charge. ——Sir William Harcourt will probably be the next Speaker of the House of Commons. —— The rebels in Samoa are gathering in great numbers; missionaries in outlying sections say no planting or work of any kind is being done; a half caste has been indicted on a charge of slander for saying that the novelist, the late Robert Louis Stevenson, furnished arms to rebels. ——The impeachment trial of Mayor Fitzpatrick, of New Orleans, ended in an acquittal. ——A man was arrested at Wilkerbarre, Pa., for dealing in lottery tickets; he carried on a tremendous business. ——Insurgents under Gen. Garza attack the town of Bocas del Terro, Colombia, and after a fierce conflict are driven off and Garza was killed; our cruiser Atlanta lands a Gatling gun and seventy-five marines. ——Wash Strong, colored, was hanged at Hawkinsville, Ga., for the murder of Johnson Duncan in a dispute over a game of cards in December, 1890. Strong confessed his crime and met death without a tremor. ——For the past six months an organized gang of thieves have been terrorizing Beaufort county to such an extent that no one felt safe. All the principal stores and many dwellings have been robbed. The authorities employed a detective who planned and joined them in breaking into Jones & Forlaw's store. Four of the gang were captured and are now in jail. —— The dynamite factory of the Hancock Chemical company at Dollar Bay, Michigan, blew up and the telegraph wires were broken by the explosion. Of the dozen men employed at the works half are unaccounted for, but it is hoped not all are lost. One body, that of Dominy Christian, has been recovered. The families of some of the men are on the ground and the scene is a pitiful one. ——Thornton Parker, the negro who made an attempt to commit a criminal assault on Mrs. Melton, of near Middletown, Va., was tried, convicted and sentenced to be hung on Friday, April 19th, the trial lasting about four hours and the jury rendering its verdict in about forty minutes. ——In Japan it is believed that the war with China will continue. The Japs distrust the Chinese. ——Worth, the French man-dressmaker, is dead in Paris. He was born poor in England in 1825 and was a printer first. ——R. G. Dun & Co.'s weekly review of trade says: Substantially all indications from the seat of business are rather more favorable. Farm products are a little higher, railroad earnings a shade better, clearing house exchanges a small percentage larger in comparison with two years ago than in February, and most of the industries show a small better front, though their gain is not large. The volume of payments through clearing houses for the week is 5.7 per cent. larger than last year, but 26.9 per cent. less than in 1893. Imports are just now running a little smaller than in February, while domestic exports for weeks from New York show a decrease compared with last year of 11 per cent. ——Erastus Wiman has been granted a new trial. ——A man in London was blown to pieces by dropping a cylinder of compressed oxygen. ——An express train and a switch engine collided near Terre Haute, and many of the cars were burned; the Adams Express company had a large sum of money burned in its safe. ——Capt. Julius M. Rhett, living near Aiken, S. C., was shot and killed by Marion Toole, his neighbor. ——Federal Judge Brawley declares the seizure of the schooner Carolina by dispensary constables at Charleston to be illegal.

TO WRITE THEIR HISTORY.

Histories of the North Carolina Regiments in the Confederate Service—Men Who Will Furnish Sketches.

Wilmington Messenger.

What a grand thing it would be is posterity had a history of each of the North Carolina Regiments in the revolusionary war written by an officer or soldier who had served in such regiment.

At the last meeting of the Confederate Veterans' association a resolution was passed requesting Judge Walter Clark to procure the best man in each of the North Carolina regiments in the civil war to write a history of the regiments in which he served. It was contemplated that the sketch of each regiment, averaging, say, ten pages or more would make a volume of 750 to 1,000 pages. Written by the pens of the men whose swords had made that history it will be an enduring and authentic monument to the generation sacrificed them selves for their State in the great civil War. Judge Avery, Gen. Hoke and Col. Wharton J. Green were appointed a committee to memorialise the Legislature to print the volume. This they have done, and a bill is pending for that purpose. Judge Clark went diligently to work and after consultation, as far as possible, with the survivors of each regiment has secured the following historians for the respective regiments who have accepted and are at work. Many of these excellent sketches have already been completed and sent him. Two of them, Gen. Barringer's sketch of the First eavalry and Gen. Lane's of the Twenty-eighth regiment have appeared also by consent in the Charlotte Observer.

The following is the list of historians which will be read with interest. The survivors of each regiment are requested to furnish any data they may have to the historian of their regiment below named:

ORGANIZATION.	HISTORIANS.
Medical staff,	Dr Peter E Hines
Chaplain service,	Rev A D Betts
Engineer service,	Capt C B Denson
Adjutant-General office,	Maj A Gordon
Quartermaster dept,	
Commissary dept,	
Conscripts bureau,	
Junior & Senior Re's N C Navy of N C	Col J W Hinsdale
Steamer Advance,	Capt James Maglenn
"Bethel" regiment,	Capt E J Hale
1st regiment,	Col H A Brown
2nd "	Gen W R Cox
3rd "	Col W L DeRosset
4th "	Col E A Osborne
5th "	Lieut C M Busbee
6th "	Capt Neill W Ray
7th "	Maj J S Harris
8th "	Capt Thos J Jarvis
9th "	(1st cavalry) Gen Rufus Barringer
10th "	(1st artillery) Lt Col W J Saunders
11th "	Col W J Martin
12th "	Lt (Judge) W A Montgomery
13th "	Col E B Withers
14th "	Col (Judge) R T Bennett
15th "	Col W F Green
17th "	Capt Wilson G Lamb
18th "	Lieut Thos H Sutton
19th "	(2nd cavalry) Maj W A Graham
20th "	Gen Thomas F Toon
22nd "	Maj Graham Daves
23rd "	Capt H Clay Wall
24th "	Capt E A Thorne
25th "	Capt G S Ferguson
26th "	Surgeon Geo C Underwood
27th "	Capt Jas A Graham
28th "	Gen Jas H Lane
29th "	Gen R B Vance
30th "	Col F M Parker
32nd "	Lieut Henry A London
33rd "	Maj J A Weston
34th "	Capt Thos D Lattimore
35th "	Capt W H S Burgwyn
36th "	(2nd artillery) Col Wm Lamb
37th "	Capt John D Brown
38th "	Col Geo W Flowers
39th "	Adjt Theo F Davidson
43rd "	Col Thos S Kenan
44th "	Maj C M Stedman
45th "	Cyrus B Watson
46th "	Capt O W Carr
47th "	Capt John H Thorpe
48th "	Capt W H H Lawhon
49th "	Adjt (Judge) Thos R Roulhac
50th "	Capt J C Ellington
52nd "	Capt J H Robinson
53rd "	Col Jas T Morehead
55th "	Col John K Conally
56th "	Maj John W Graham
57th "	Col Ham C Jones
58th "	Col Isaac H Bailey
59th "	(4th cavalry) Capt R B Gaddy
60th "	Capt Thos W Patton
61st "	Capt N A Ramsay
62nd "	Col M Clayton
63rd "	(5th cavalry) Col Jno M Galloway
64th "	Capt Melvin E Carter
65th "	(6th cavalry) Capt M V Moore
66th "	Adjt Geo M Rose
69th "	(Thomas' Legion) Maj W W Stringfield.
70th "	(1st Junior Reserves) Col C W Broadfoot.
	Capt. Thos. L. Lea
72nd "	(3rd Junior Reserves) Lieut Fab H Busbee.
75th "	(7th cavalry) Lieut W F Parker
1st battalion,	Col R W Wharton
2nd "	Col Wharton J Green
5th "	Lieut (Judge) Thos C Fuller
6th "	Adjt M P Taylor
8th "	Capt Woodbury Wheeler

Each of the above has accepted the "assignment to duty" and has either written the sketch of his regiment or will have it ready by July 1st. It is splendid list of soldiers and writers, the best possible, now after the gaps made by the thirty years since the war. One of the writers (Gen. Barringer) has died since filling this last duty to his comrades. Four other generals are in the list as historians of their former regiments. Two of the regiments 73rd and 74th were senior Reserves and naturally no survivor of them has been found who could write the sketches of those regiments. Neither has any historian yet been found to write the sketches of the following gallant regiments, though great efforts have been made, *i. e.*, 16th, 21st, 31st, 40th, (3rd art); 41st, (3rd cav); 42nd, 51st, 54th, 68th, 71st, (2nd Junior Reserves); and following Battalions—3rd, 4th, 7th, 9th and 10th.

It would be a subject of regret if the volume shall appear with those regiments omitted. Any survivors of those commands who may see this will do well to write to Judge Walter Clark, Raleigh, N. C., suggesting a suitable man to write the history of his regiment.

Jap Proclamations in China.

London News.]

It is stated in the Chinese papers that the Japanese have placarded Peking with notices that they will not interfere with the business of the place or any of the peaceable "inhabitants; that they expect to be there shortly, and the people are not to be afraid that they will molest or annoy them in any way. They further offer a reward of 400 yen for any information that may lead to the detection of any person who shall have pulled down these placards. The Chinese officials, it is stated, are afraid to order the removal of the placards.

T. Thomas Fortune, writing in the New York Age, says that outside of church life the colored people are doing nothing to command the respect of mankind. "We spend so much time and money preparing to die," he adds. "that we neglect almost entirely the things of this life that make for power and responsibility."

To raise beet sugar in Germany costs $50 to an acre. In Utah, California or Texas from $15 to $18.

An Honest Dollar.

The following striking letter was published in the Chicago Inter-Ocean a couple of days ago. The man who signs it is well known to the editor of the OBSERVER. He is many times a millionaire and the head of one of the largest firms in the world:

"Chicago, Ill., February 25.—What is an honest dollar? or what medium of exchange for commodities will serve all with the least variation in value as compared with them?

"It is that money which has intrinsic value, measured by labor in its production, which is the ultimate test of cost or price.

"In that sense both gold and silver are by nature adapted for money uses by the Creator. This is proved by actual test for all ages, until 1872 and 1873, when the United States and Germany ejected a new element in the relations of money and commodities by the force of the law, namely, giving the gold only the money function and putting silver in the list of commodities to be bought and sold for gold, the same as wheat and cotton. This had the effect to increase the commodities to be exchanged by and in civilized nations by the amount of silver in the world and to decrease the medium of exchange for all by the same amount, putting more than a double burden upon gold as the only money to settle balances of trade. Right here it is pertinent to enforce our inquiry with another: 'Is the honest dollar a gold dollar?' Let me illustrate:

"When the United States, in 1873, made the gold dollar the unit of value at the old standard, when silver was money, namely, 1 to 16, she owed, say $2,000,000,000, contracted when gold and silver were money. Say these bonds had an average of thirty years to run, with the option to pay after five or ten years, and that none of them were paid until the thirty years had run, and the government had to buy at the time of payment gold to liquidate the debt. It is clear in the light of history she could not buy at less than the rate fixed by law, and that that rate would require, when the thirty years came round, just twice as much silver and other property as it would if the law had not been changed in 1873 depriving silver of money functions.

"The creditor at the end of thirty years had his regular interest on his bonds, and when paid in gold can turn round and buy twice as much property of all kinds with his gold as he could have done if silver had been retained as money. He has had his increment in the increased value of gold also and the United States is the loser by that increment in value caused entirely by the demonetization of silver

"There is no escape from this proposition as the result of law. Who made this law, and why? Honest men wanting to pay honest debts in the same money they contracted for, or deluded men, not to say dishonest, who planned a law to produce such a result?

"Would Germany and France, who owned the most of that large United States debt, have demonetized silver as holders of our bonds if we had not done it first?

"Would any honest American ask it, after the burdens of the war had been borne without a murmur, knowing that such would be the result?

"This is an object lesson, from national and international facts, which he who runs may read and answer the question, what is an honest dollar? It has been stated that cost only is the test of real money, and that this makes it salable at any time at cost. I defy the proposition. Sixteen ounces of silver have always cost more labor than one ounce of gold, and until law divorced these two metals at that legal ratio the variations from that ratio for centuries has been infinitesimal.

"Thirty years of law has made one ounce of gold worth thirty-two ounces of silver, and yet the cost of production of both has remained relatively the same.

"This is another object lesson as to what is an honest dollar to all thinkers who decide from facts and not from theories unsupported by facts.

"The fact that eminent authorities in both England and Germany who have so far influenced the governments of both these countries to pass resolutions to call another monetary conference to remonetize silver indicates that these facts are beginning to count as against theories.

JOHN V. FARWELL."

The Great Libraries of the World.

The British Museum was founded in 1753. A conservative estimate of its possessions to-day is from 1,500,000 to 2,000,000 printed works and 50,000 manuscripts. The nucleus of this library was the bequest of the collection of books, manuscripts, &c., of Sir Hans Sloane, to be held by trustees for the use of the nation, in exchange for $100,000 to be paid to his estate. Only $50,000 was paid, however, for the Sloane collection and the Harlelan manuscripts. Sir Antonio Panizzi, the librarian from 1837 to 1856, increased the number of printed books from 240,000 to 640,000.

The Bibliotheque Nationale of Paris is the largest in the world, as it contains from 2,290,000 to 3,000,000 printed volumes and about 95,000 manuscripts. The foundation of this institution was attributed to Charlemagne and Charles le Chauvin, and to St. Louis, in the thirteenth century. It was really established by King John, who bequeathed his collection to Charles V. No census of the books has been taken since 1791. The present condition of the library is largely due to the industry and genius of Librarian Taschereau and Delisle.

Other large public European libraries are the Arsenale and Mazarine of Paris, with 200,000 and 150,000 volumes, respectively; the Publique of Rouen, with 130,000 volumes; the Koriigliche of Berlin, with 730,000 volumes; the Stadt at Breslau, with 200,000; the Darmstadt, with 500,000; the Offentliche of Dresden, with 350,000; the Universitats at Freiburg, with 270,000; the Universitats at Heidelberg, 300,000; the Koenigs Hof at Munich, with 1,000,000; the Offentliche of Stuttgart, 425,000; the Herzogliche of Wolfenbuttel, 300,000; the Universitats of Wurzburg,300,000; the Landes at Buda-Pesth, 400,000; the Offenti at Vienna, 440,000; the Nazionale at Florence, 400,000; the Emanuele at Rome, 360,000; the Royale at Brussels, 350,000; the Universets at Copenhagen, 250,000; the Riks at Stockholm, 250,000; the Nacional at Madrid, 400,000; the Public at Moscow, 300,000, and the Imperial at St. Petersburg, 1,000,000.

In 1884 the world produced 768,000 tons of tobacco, grown on 2,029,000 acres of ground. The United States was the largest producer, 210,000 tons; next came India, with 170,000; Russia, with 75,000; Austria, with 65,000, the remainder being produced in small quantities by other countries.

While the exportation of German and Austrian beer is increasing that of English ale and stout is decreasing steadily. Five years ago English brewers exported 599,000 barrels and last year only 414,261 barrels, or about 15,000,000 gallons. The German exportation was 66,000,000 gallons.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

THE REVENUE ACT.

The Rate of Taxation Increased Four Cents on Every $100.

Raleigh News and Observer.

As finally adopted the Revenue Act makes the State tax 24 cents instead of 22 cents, as fixed by the last General Assembly. The school tax is 18 cents; it was 16 cents in 1893-'94. The pension tax is 3½ cents, the same as heretofore. The total is 45½ cents on every $100 value of real and personal property in the State. It was 41½ cents in 1893-'94, and 43 cents in 1891-'92.

Expenditures for the next two years are estimated at $925,000 or some $75,000 more than for 1893-'94. This includes not only appropriations made by the General Assembly, but the expenses of State officers, judges and the $130,000 interest on the State debt. The receipts on the $262,000,000 of property are figured at $875,000, but it is believed that the new assessment will show a depreciation in value of 20 or 25 per cent. This will bring the receipts or property down to $730,000. Included in this is the $180,000 in the State Treasury. This depreciation will, it is believed make the amount for the school tax and the General tax about the same as heretofore notwithstanding the increased rate.

The school tax was fixed at 16 cents in the House, and an amendment offered by Mr. Nelson, Democrat, of Caldwell, making it 18 cents was voted down by the fusionists, but the same amendment was again offered in the Senate by Mr. Adams, Democrat, and finally passed, though it met with considerable opposition.

The liquor tax is 2 per cent. instead of 1 per cent., as heretofore. Druggists dealing in spirituous liquors must not only obtain a license upon payment of $50 to the State Treasurer, but may also be taxed as liquor dealers by counties, cities and towns. No druggist, however, can deal in spirituous liquors except upon the prescription of a practising physician, as now allowed by law. This makes the tax very high, and will, druggists say, drive them out of the business.

County commissioners have discretion in granting licenses outside of incorporated towns and inside of such towns can only grant after the corporation has issued the license. This part of the law is exactly the same as was passed by the last Legislature.

Social clubs or organizations that dispense liquors for the use of the members or guests shall pay the same license tax as do companies and firms for selling spirituous liquors. Manufacturers may sell wine and spirits in quantities of not less than one quart instead of one gallon, as heretofore, at the place of manufacture or within 100 yards thereof.

Dealers in cigars, cheroots and cigarettes are subject to an annual tax of 5 cents per thousand. In the act as originally drawn cigarettes were taxed 10 cents. Billiard and pool tables are to be taxed $25 instead of $75, while ferry bridges and toll-gates are to pay a tax of 2 per cent on gross receipts. Heretofore they have been taxed $5 and one-half of 1 per cent.

Practicing lawyers, dentists and doctors (country doctors excepted) shall be taxed $10 per annum, but no county, city or town shall impose an additional tax.

Boarding house beds are tax 50 cents each.

The peddler's tax remains the same as at present, except that sewing machine agents are required to pay to the State Treasurer $300, instead $250 as heretofore.

The fee for license issued to any insurance company to do business in the State is $200. It was $100 in 1893-'94.

The Bank tax remains the same as heretofore. This tax was slightly increased two years ago, all the stock being taxed even though held by non residents.

The graduated Income tax and the Merchant's Purchase tax are unchanged.

The Drummer's license tax, which was originally incorporated in the act was finally stricken out by the House.

A franchise tax is imposed on private corporations (railroads, banks and insurance companies excepted) in proportion to the amount of its capital stock according to the following graduated scale, to wit: Capital stock of $25,000 or less, $5; over $25,000 and less than $50,000, $10; over $50,000 and less than $100,000, $25; over $100,000 and less than $250,000, 50; over $250,000 and less than $500,000, $100; over $500,000, $200.

The taxes on building and loan associations are as follows: On $100,000 and over, paid up capital, $100; between $50,000 and $100,000, 50; between $25,000 and $50,000 $25; between $25,000 and $50,000, $10; under 5,000, $5.

The King of Fashions Dead.

A Paris cable of March 11th, says:

Charles Frederick Worth, the famous "man dressmaker," is dead.

Worth was born in Bourne, Lincolnshire, England, in 1825. At the age of 13 he was apprenticed to a printer, his parents desiring that he learn that trade, but he evinced a strong hostility to handling type and abandoned the printing office after he had served about seven months.

He then went to London and through the assistance of a friend secured a position in a draper's (dry goods) shop, which position he left to enter the employment of Swan & Edgar, drapers, where he became a favorite.

He first conceived the idea of designing fashions through conversations with the buyers of Swan & Edgar and frequently made suggestions which the heads of departments were not slow to see in a favorable light. The more he talked with the buyers the more he resolved to go to Paris and soon began the study of French.

When about 21 years of age he went to Paris, and shortly after his arrival in that city secured a position with Gaglin & Co., and in a few years was placed at the head of a department. In his new capacity he inaugurated many new departures.

While in the employ of Gaglin & Co., he received medals for displays at the London and Paris expositions. Later he established the firm of Worth & Beberg and in 1890 founded the famous house of Worth. His fame as a dressmaker abounded, and among the many admirers of his skill was the ex-Empress Eugenie for whom he made a great many elegant dresses.

It has been said that while Paris rules the world in fashion, the man who ruled Paris—M. Worth—was a Lincolnshire England, lad, so that really it was an Englishman who was the arbiter of the world's fashion:

The Battles that Were Fought.

General Marcus J. Wright in Memphis Commercial

I have been asked to make public statement of the States in which battles were fought in the late civil war, and I of no better medium through which to make it than the Commercial Appeal.

The great battles fought as distributes in States were as follows:

Alabama,	21
Dist. of Columbia	1
Georgia	50
Illinois	1
Kansas	2
Louisiana	37
Mississippi	47
Maryland	17
Missouri	131
North Carolina	31
South Carolina	20
Tennessee	140
Virginia	208
West Virginia	51
Ohio	2
Indiana	2
Indian Territory	2
Texas	4

Captain Frederick Phisterer, late of the United States army, in his supplementary of "Statistical Record of Military Actions in the Civil War," gives the date and place of all engagements, beginning at Fort Sumter, April 12 and 13, 1861, and ending with the surrender of General E. Kirby Smith's forces, May 26, 1865. In this compilation a surrender is classed as an engagement, and he sums up all meetings of opposing forces when participated by many or few at 2,261. I think he has omitted some minor engagements on both sides of the Mississipp river, of which no official reports were furnished.

The actions in 1861 were 156.
The actions in 1862 were 564.
The actions in 1863 were 627.
The actions in 1864 were 779.
The actions in 1865 were 135.

The year 1864 was the bloody year, not only because of its greatest number of battles, but also because of the great campaigns of Grant and Lee in Virginia, and the heavy operations in Tennessee and Georgia.

The engagements by States is figured up by Captain Phisterer as follows:

Pennsylvania	9
Maryland	30
District of Columbia	1
West Virginia	80
Virginia	519
North Carolina	85
South Carolina	60
Georgia	108
Florida	32
Alabama	78
Mississippi	186
Louisiana	118
Texas	14
Arkansas	167
Tennessee	298
Kentucky	138
Ohio	3
Indiana	4
Illinois	1
Missouri	245
Kansas	7
New Mexico	19
Indian Territory	17

This does not include the engagements of United States troops with the Indians in the Western and Northwestern States and Territories, for they had no connection with the Confederates; and were not inspired by them.

These tables are approximately correct, though, as before stated, some affairs near the end of the war may be omitted.

Literary Notes.

In the first number of the new literary journal entitled "The Bookman," there is an "Eastern Letter" and a "Western Letter"—the former dated at New York, the latter at Chicago. The New York letter contains a list of the sixteen books "most in favor during the month (January, 1895,) as indicated by their sale;" the Chicago letter furnishes the titles of the eighteen books that "lead the demand in sales at present" (February 1, 1895). Coffee and Repartee," by John Kendrick Bangs, appears in both lists, and the same author's "Three Weeks in Polities" among the Chicago favorites. Of course "Trilby" heads both lists; and "Peter Ibbetson," "Pembroks," "A Kentucky Cardinal," "A Traveller from Altruria," and "The Adventures of Sherlock Holmes" are among the preferred.

Among all the features announced for early publication in the magazines, none is awaited with a livelier curiosity than the *Personal Recollections of Joan of Arc*, of which the first instalment will appear in the April number of Harper's. The only story of a noble life which comes to us under oath, the only one which comes to us from the witness stand, Jeanne's biography—although it deals with a flawless character worn (like the jewel in the toad's head) as an incomparable adornment by the wickedness of centuries—is not to be regarded as fiction. It is history in the main, and, as for the piquant details that have been added by one who is feigned to have been "her page and secretary," these particulars are from the hand of "the most popular of living American magazine writers"—whoever he or she may be.

Lumber Bridge News.

Rev. C. W. Blanchard, Financial Agent for Wake Forest College, delivered an excellent address here on the 10th inst.

Mrs. Martha Buie was called Saturday to the bedside of her sister, Mrs. Mary McKinnon. Mrs. Buie has returned and reports her sister quite sick.

A number of young people went Sunday to Philippi to hear Rev. A. McQueen preach. We are sorry to learn that Mr. McQueen was unable to leave his bed.

Mr. Bess; one of our oldest citizens, was spurred on the knee by a large Leghorn rooster, and so serious was the result that it was thought his leg would have to be amputated. He is improving we are glad to note.

Dr. Stamp reports very little sickness in this community.

Miss Loula McLeod's many friends are glad to see her at home again.

Lieut. Edgar Hall, of the Lumber Bridge Light Infantry has entered the Lumber Bridge High School, and is taking a course in English, Latin and Mathematics.

The school at St. Paul's, taught by Miss Belle Sawyer, a graduate of Salem, and quite a popular teacher will close the 22nd inst. At night Miss Sawyer will give a musicale at the home of Mr. Loch Shaw.

Rev. P. R. Law by order of Presbytery will preach at Bethel on the 17th inst.

Mr. Law will begin services preparatory to the celebration of the Lord's Supper, Friday night of the 22nd inst.

HEART DISEASE 30 YEARS!

Short Breath, Palpitation.

Mr. G. W. McKinsey, postmaster of Kokomo, Ind., and a brave ex-soldier, says: "I had been severely troubled with heart disease ever since leaving the army at the close of the late war. I was troubled with palpitation and shortness of breath. I could not sleep on my left side and had pain around my heart. I became so ill that I was much alarmed, and fortunately my attention was called to

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure

I decided to try it. The first bottle made a decided improvement in my condition, and five bottles have completely cured me."

G. W. McKINSEY, P. M., Kokomo, Ind.

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1, 6 bottles for $5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

Judicial Sale.

By virtue of an order of the Clerk of the Superior Court of Cumberland County, made in a special proceeding entitled J. L. Andrews, Jr., Administrator of Bernard Plummer vs. Cora E. Buckingham and others, I will sell at public auction to the highest bidder for *cash*, at the Market House in Fayetteville, at 12 o'clock M., on Monday, the 8th day of April, 1895, the House and Lot known as the residence of the late Bernard Plummer, on Grove street, in the city of Fayetteville. For full description see the records of said proceeding. Sale made to make assets to pay debts. J. L. ANDREWS, JR.,
Administrator and Commissioner.

H. L. COOK, Attorney.
March 7, 1895—4w

Maryland Life Insurance Company of Baltimore,

Has Never Contested, Compromised or Delayed a Claim.

Assets, $1,700,000.00
Surplus as to Policy Holders, $340,000.00

WM. H. BLACKFORD,
President.

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Hamilton Easter, Wm. H. Perkins, Christian Devries, C. Morton Stewart, Douglas H. Thomas, John Gill, Wm. H. Blackford, James Patten, George C. Jenkins.

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General Agent,
1-17-95 2m Fayetteville, N. C.

A. B. Williams,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.,

Commission Merchant, Buyer of Cotton and Naval Stores, and Dealer in Hair, Lime, Plaster and Cement.

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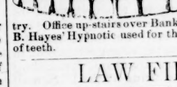
April 29, 1880. tf

G. B. PATTERSON, D. D. S.,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.



After 9 years experience offer his professional services to the citizens of Fayetteville and surrounding country. Office up-stairs over Bank of Fayetteville. N. B. Hayes' Hypnotic used for the painless extraction of teeth.

LAW FIRM.

The undersigned are from this day associated in the practice of Law wherever their services may be required.

The Senior partner will be in the office in Fayetteville one or more days in every week.

JAMES C. MACRAE.
S. H. MACRAE.

January 1, 1895.

TO THE PUBLIC.

The undersigned can be found at his office on Green street, where he will be glad to see old and new friends who have legal work of any kind requiring the services of an attorney.

Respectfully,
12-20-94 3m JOHN G. SHAW.

USE BARNES' INK.

A. S. BARNES & CO., 56 E. 10th St., N. Y.

DEAFNESS & HEAD NOISES CURED. By Tubular Cushions helps when all others fail. No pain. Invisible. Sold by F. Hiscox, 853 B'way New York, sole depot. Send for book and proofs FREE.

Chichester's English Diamond Brand.

PENNYROYAL PILLS

Original and Only Genuine.

SAFE, always reliable. LADIES ask Druggist for Chichester's English Diamond Brand in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutions and imitations. At Druggists, or send 4c. in stamps for particulars, testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter, by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Name Paper. Chichester Chemical Co., Madison Square Philada., Pa.

Sold by all Local Druggists.

BREAKFAST—SUPPER.

EPPS'S

GRATEFUL—COMFORTING.

COCOA

BOILING WATER OR MILK.

PARKER'S HAIR BALSAM

Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

ARE YOU CONSU

THE OBSERVER.

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C., MARCH 21, 1895.

Established in 1825 by E. J. Hale, Sr.

E. J. HALE, Editor and Proprietor.

STUDY THE ISSUE.

Now that it is plain that the money question is to be the great issue in the next campaign, let every good citizen study the question as diligently as his opportunities permit, so that he may know with which side to ally himself. It is a question that not only concerns each individual's interest, but it is also one of public morals. The OBSERVER declared, as soon as unconditional repeal was urged in 1893, that the money question was thereby made the paramount issue, and it has been discussing it ever since. It will continue to offer such assistance as lies in its power to those who seek to determine their duty in respect of it.

THE SOUTHERN MILLING MOVEMENT.

As our readers know, the Massachusetts legislature, alarmed at the growth of cotton manufacturing in the South, sent a committee of its members to North Carolina and Georgia to investigate the facts and make report thereon. The committee went first to Atlanta and, after one or two stops in South Carolina, visited Charlotte and Raleigh in this State. Upon their return they stopped in Washington, and here is what the chairman, Senator Darling, said to a Post reporter:

"Quite a cry had gone up," said he, "that the cotton industry of Massachusetts was in danger of being transplanted to the South. We heard that, owing to cheaper raw material, cheaper coal, and cheaper labor south of Mason and Dixon's line, our home mills were likely to leave the State. Two years ago two plants did get permission of the Legislature to embark in business in the South, and last year another. This consent was necessary in order to protect their trade marks. But none of these moved their entire plants. Well, this talk grew to such proportions that it was deemed advisable to appoint a committee of legislators to go South and make a thorough investigation of existing conditions. We haven't made our report yet, but I will briefly state a few salient points.

"In the first place, I will never cease to rejoice that I had an opportunity of seeing the Southern country and meeting the Southern people. They are as kind-hearted, hospitable, and noble men and women as any on earth. The more you see of them the better you like them, but they are dreadfully poor. There is no danger of the New England mills moving South en masse. In the Carolinas and Georgia they are making coarse grades of cloth very successfully and profitably, I believe, but it will be a good many years before they will be able to compete with Massachusetts in the production of the finer fabrics.

"They can't make fine goods in the South for a number of years for two reasons: They haven't the machinery nor the skilled labor. It takes money to get the finest, and there is but little capital in the South. Skilled labor won't come, because our skilled laborers in the East would not live in Georgia or Carolina in the shabby huts that the laboring people of these States dwell in. Our working people live in good style.

"But for all that, there is splendid opportunity for Northern capital in the Southern States, and no man would advocate its employment there more heartily than I. The manufacture of cotton is but a single industry. There are scores of other channels for profitable investment. I would rather put my money even in cotton mills in the South than in Western railroads or boom towns. The State of Georgia and the two Carolinas are rich in natural resources, and the time cannot be very far distant when their citizens will be as thrifty and prosperous as the people of any State in the Union."

COL. WADDELL AND THE UNIVERSITY.

North Carolinians are to be congratulated on the announcement that Hon. A. M. Waddell has been chosen as the orator at the Centennial Commencement which is to be celebrated at the University this year.

It is not necessary to dwell upon Col. Waddell's gifts, or his peculiar fitness for the task assigned him. It is pleasant to remember that he comes from a section of North Carolina whose people think they are better than all other people *because* they are North Carolinians.

MR. W. R. HENRY AND SENATOR RANSOM.

Mr. Walter R. Henry publishes in his home paper, the Henderson Gold Leaf, an open letter to ex-Senator Ransom, now our Minister to Mexico, reviewing the latter's recent course towards himself. Mr. Henry requests us to publish the letter in justice to him, and we shall, of course, do so, Mr. Henry's high standing as a democrat entitling him to be heard through the Democratic press. The Gold Leaf came to us too late for this issue.

HOW PUBLIC OPINION IS MANUFACTURED.

The following is a sample of the "news" which the goldbug papers feed to their readers. Says the Washington Post:

Correspondent Archie Butt has just returned from a two weeks' trip through North Carolina to discover the cause of Democratic disaffection throughout the state. His revelations are rather interesting. He has run down the cause, and it resolves itself into the simple proposition that any number of Democrats, old-time wheel-horses included, though particularly the younger men, are opposed to the free silver ideas that have begun to permeate the system of the Democracy through the inoculations of Bland, Bryan, and the other silver men in Congress. This anti-silver sentiment, he told his friends about town yesterday, has strong advocates even among some of the old ex-Confederate brigadiers, and when it finds them threatening to desert the Democracy, if free silver is the issue, what, asks Mr. Butt, can you expect of the younger element?

This is amusing.

HISTORY OF THE REGIMENTS.

Attention is particularly directed to the list of historians, given on the 1st page, who have been appointed by Judge Walter Clark to write the histories of the North Carolina Regiments in the great war, with the request that old soldiers will lend all the assistance they can to those who have been named to do this patriotic work. Properly done, the work will give our beloved State the foundation of such a history of great deeds as the world has not known before.

REAPING THE WHIRLWIND?

"It becomes," said ex-Senator Edmunds, in his argument before the Supreme Court against the income tax, the other day, "an interesting subject of speculation as to how long the Government can last under a system which allows those who pay nothing to tax their fellow-citizens. One evil step will lead to another, as one vice follows another, until by and by we will have revolution, then anarchy, and then a tyrant to rule us."

It is a pity the distinguished Vermonter didn't think of this when he and his party committed that greatest crime of all the ages, the enfranchisement of the newly freed slaves.

CURRENT COMMENT.

Rev. Dr. John A. Broadus, the distinguished Baptist divine, died at his home in Louisville, Kentucky, on Saturday, in his 69th year. It is a great loss to Christianity.

* * *

The Jackson, Miss., Clarion, whose comments on the Douglass affair we quote in another column, has plainly a very clear conception of what caused the democrats to lose this State last November.

* * *

Democrats throughout the State have especial cause for rejoicing over the miscarriage of the attempt to oust those splendid democrats and gentlemen, Judge Meares, of the Wilmington, and Judge Jones, of the Asheville criminal courts.

* * *

We welcome to the fraternity Mr. R. K. Bryan, Jr., whose name appears as editor at the head of the new evening paper in Wilmington, the Dispatch. Mr. Bryan is a writer of ability, and is both in himself and by inheritance a man of strong parts and great uprightness. It is plain also that he is a democrat of the proper sort.

* * *

One of the most amusing of the many curious outcomes of the late Douglas legislature was the failure of some of the most important of the changes contemplated by the fusionists, owing to the incontinent flight of the most of them as soon as the expiration of the Constitutional limit of 60 days put an end to their per diem. Thus their schemes for changing control of the penitentiary, the State's interest in railways, the department of Agriculture and other institutions, miscarried. It is difficult to determine which was the greater, their cupidity or stupidity.

* * *

The friends of silver make a mistake in adducing the relative prices of raw cotton in this country and in Mexico and stopping there, as an argument in favor of the Mexican money system. There is a tariff in Mexico of 6 cents Mexican money against our cotton. Deduct this from the 16½ cents which cotton fetches in Mexico, and we have 10½ cents, which converted into gold (the present American standard) is 5¼ cents, or the price that cotton brings in this country. But if we go further, we find that the 10½ cents that cotton is really worth in Mexico to-day under free trade in cotton, represents a state of affairs precisely the reverse of that which exists in this country. Mexico preserves the same money system which she has always had, silver being the standard. The United States changed her system to a gold standard, in a measure, twenty years ago, and entirely, two years ago. Mark the resulting contrast: While nothing but industrial and commercial disaster has befallen us since we ducked our heads to the European gold standard, benighted Mexico, which refused to wear the foreign collar, has sprung forward with a life she has never known before. Railway building, the index of progress, proceeds there; it has ceased here.

* * *

Washington Letter.

From Our Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, March 18, 1895.

President Cleveland got back from his little outing in splendid condition, and he lost no time in jumping into the pile of work which had accumulated during his absence. One of the first official things he did after his return was to familiarize himself with the important diplomatic occurrences of the last few days, and the next was to indorse the strong letter sent to Spain by Secretary Gresham, demanding an apology for the firing at the U. S. mail steamer Alliance by a Spanish war vessel and the issuance of such orders by Spain as will make it impossible for a similar thing to occur in the future; also serving notice that this government demanded and would enforce the right of its mercantile vessels to use the regular channels of commerce regardless of their nearness to Cuba, without molestation from Spanish warships. Secretary Gresham's position in this matter is generally endorsed, although republicans qualify their endorsement by saying that if he had waited the apology would have come without any demand for it. That may be true, but it does not lessen the importance of Secretary Gresham's letter. The apology is a small matter compared with the notice that our mail steamers shall not be shut out of the use of the regular channels of commerce every time Spain declares martial law in Cuba because of a revolt. There is some talk of a severance of diplomatic revelations between the United States and Spain. The Spanish minister has by his fool-talk, criticising Secretary Gresham through the newspapers, furnished ample excuse for giving him his passports, but it will hardly be done, unless Spain starts the ball by sending Minister Taylor home.

Gov. Oates, of Ala., was known during his extended Congressional career as a man who always kept in touch with the rank and file of the democratic party of his section; hence his opinion on the financial question in the South is both interesting and valuable. He said, while in Washington: "In my opinion the south will not split on the silver question. I know that great differences exist both in the south and west, but those differences are very largely the result of a failure to understand the financial question. There is one thing in connection with this question that has been seemingly overlooked by some people. The people of the south favor silver; but they do not favor a single silver standard."

Those who have an idea that because Senator Gorman seldom submits to a newspaper interview he is unfriendly to the newspaper workers of Washington, may have been surprised when he and Mrs. Gorman held a splendid reception in honor of the Gridiron Club, an organization made up of newspaper men, several nights ago, but not so with the newspapers themselves, who know Senator Gorman for one of their best friends. While he seldom consents to have his name used in connection with a political story, he often gives valuable pointers to the correspondents, and rarely declines to answer a question unless its answer involves some party plan which he and his associates are not ready to make public, and no man in either branch of Congress has more personal friends among the newspaper workers, regardless of politics, than Arthur P. Gorman.

It is always just as well to wait until fully informed on any matter before expressing opinions. A case in point is the opening of the Baltic and North sea canal by the Emperor of Germany, next June. When the United States accepted an invitation to send naval vessels to take part in the opening ceremonies, which are to be held at Kiel, Secretary Herbert said he would send the San Francisco and the Marblehead. Straightway the friends of naval officers who wish to go to Kiel raised a howl about the dignity of the U. S. being lowered by such an insignificant showing, etc., taking it for granted that only the San Francisco and the Marblehead were to go. Now Secretary Herbert never said that only those two vessels would be sent. As a matter of fact, which might easily have been ascertained by his critics, Secretary Herbert will not determine how many U. S. ships shall be sent to Kiel until informed of the number other nations will send.

There has been much talk about the unusual action of the Italian ambassador, in writing to the Colorado State officials concerning the recent killing of Italians in that State, instead of leaving the matter with the State Department, but there is no probability that any official notice will be taken of the impertinence—that's the only name for it—of the ambassador.

North Carolina Disgraced.

Jackson, Miss., Clarion Ledger, Official Organ of Miss.!

Alas! poor North Carolina! the home of Vance, Ransom and other distinguished statesmen; her glory has departed since her Republican-Populistic Legislature adjourned as a mark of respect to the memory of Fred Douglass, an implacable enemy of the South. And this immediately after defeating a resolution to adjourn on Gen. Lee's birthday.

The Populist members of the Legislature, most if not all being renegade Democrats, have certainly stooped low to conquer, for without their votes the Douglass resolution could not have carried, as the Republicans are in the minority. Surely the North Carolina Populists have sacrificed much for one United States Senator—sacrified their honor and manhood for one little office.

The story is briefly told. Senators Vance and Ransom disagreed on the silver question. Vance stood with his people and voted against the unconditional repeal of the Sherman bill. Ransom wore the collar of the administration and voted for the repeal. This so disgusted his constituents that thousands of Democrats, to their discredit be it said, refused to vote at the last election, while many silver men, governed more by passion than judgment, united with the Populists, and the result was most disastrous to the Democracy, losing it the State, the Republicans securing the Legislature, and by fusing elected the two United States Senators, the Republicans taking one and the Populists the other. This fusion holds good in all matters of legislation, and the result is the Democrats are utterly powerless to legislate or prevent legislation by the Republicans.

A Democrat proposed to adjourn on Gen. Lee's birthday. The Republicans said no, and forced the Populists to vote with them. Then, immediately upon receipt of the news of the death of Fred Douglass, a Republican introduced a resolution to adjourn as a mark of respect to this notorious character—a negro with a white wife—and the Populists dared not oppose the wish of the Republicans and the resolution was adopted, against the protests of the Democratic members.

If this action of the Populists—nothing better could be expected of Republicans—does not arouse the Democrats of North Carolina to action, and a united effort to regain control of their State, then has Southern chivalry indeed degenerated and become a meaningless term.

Jackson, Miss., Clarion-Ledger.

A drummer walked into a West Jackson establishment yesterday afternoon, and by way of introduction handed the merchant a card on which was printed the name of his firm, and which is located in a North Carolina town. The merchant read the card and handed it back with the remark: "I won't buy anything from your house until I know whether or not they endorse the action of the North Carolina Legislature in making such a fool to-do about Fred Douglass." The drummer protested they did not, "cussed" his Legislature roundly on his own hook and finally sold a small bill.

Mr. Carver Protests.

Raleigh News and Observer.

Mr. Carver of Cumberland sent up the following protest and asked that it be spread upon the Journal:

"Warren Carver, Senator from Cumberland county, shows to the Senate that the list of magistrates prepared by him and the members of the House of Representatives from Cumberland county and presented to the General Assembly has been materially tampered with by some person to him unknown; that names have been stricken out and others inserted, and to this action he enters his solemn protest.

(Signed,) "WARREN CARVER,
"Senator from Cumberland."

Mr. Carver's resolution was ordered to be spread upon the Journal. Five of the men recommended on the original list for magistrates in Cumberland were negroes.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve

The Best Salve in the world for Cuts, Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, Corns, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box.

For sale by B. E. Sedberry & Son, Fayetteville, N. C.

Have you ever noticed how your system seems to crave special assistance in the spring? Just the help required is given by Hood's Sarsaparilla.

Warning to Expectant Mothers.

Many internal remedies are being skillfully and glibly advertised, professing to **Shorten Labor, Lessen Pains of Childbirth, etc.,** and with wonderful inconsistency to regulate menstruation. Common sense should teach any woman that a preparation adapted for

MENSTRUAL DISORDERS

will not prepare the system for Childbirth; on the contrary, INTERNAL REMEDIES at this time may imperil her life. We earnestly say BEWARE of all such; they cannot, at this critical period, do any possible good, and their use may prove fatal. It is only by persistent EXTERNAL treatment while enciente, thus relaxing and softening all the parts, that the hour of Child-birth is robbed of its terror; and no remedy on earth does this but

... "MOTHER'S FRIEND."

For further information address

THE BRADFIELD REGULATOR COMPANY,
ATLANTA, GA.

Dr. Hodges on Hypnotism.

Charlotte Observer.

Dr. Hodges, formerly of Fayetteville, N. C., but now a professor in the Richmond, Va., College of Physicians and Surgeons, delivered an interesting address on hypnotism recently before the Woman's Society of that city. Dr. Hodges exposed many popular fallacies regarding this strange influence acquired by strong minds over weaker ones. He says the treatment of hypnotism in the literature of the day is generally unscientific and untrue. One statement he made was of especial interest. He contended that a hypnotist could not compel a subject under his influence, if that subject were upright, honorable, and possessed of a noble character, to do a wrong, degrading act. The attempt to make the hypnotized person do so would immediately cause a mental revolt and arouse him from his hypnotic state. For instance, a man to whom evil was repugnant, could not be made to commit murder when in the hypnotic state. He would at once return to his normal mental condition.

Bimetallism in Germany and France.

A Berlin cablegram of Saturday says:

The bimetallist party have secured a great victory in the Council of State today, where the majority in favor of their view was greater than in the recent vote in the Reichstag. The Council adopted the resolution of the silver advocates endorsing Chancellor Hohenlohe's monetary statement in the Reichstag and immediately afterward rejected the proposal of the gold advocates that the guarantee of the present currency continue unaltered. It is learned that France has informed Germany of her willingness to co-operate in settling the currency question.

A State Enterprise.

There appeared in this paper yesterday morning an advertisement of the newly-chartered Southern Stock Mutual Insurance Company, of Greensboro, and attention is invited to its plan and to the list of its officers and directors. Fabulous sums go out of North Carolina yearly for insurance and for other purposes—money which should be kept at home; but this statement would not be worth a moment's consideration by a business man in contemplating the claims of a local insurance company unless some such statements as these could be made about it. That the capital of this new company is $100,000, subscribed by twenty capitalists, each of whom testifies that he is worth not less than $25,000; that all profits, except 10 per cent, which is set aside for a reserve fund, are divided among the policy-holders; that policy-holders are non-assessable.

These features make the company as good as the best. It is a dangerous thing for an individual or a newspaper to give advice to the public about matters in which money is involved; but the Observer, without the slightest reservation, gives its endorsement to the Southern Stock Mutual Insurance Company. —*Charlotte Observer.*

SPECIAL NOTICE.

VERY OLD-FASHIONED FURNITURE WANTED.—Marred and somewhat broken pieces may find a cash customer by addressing for several days MRS. N. GAGE, Fayetteville, N. C.

AUCTION SALE OF HORSES AND MULES in Fayetteville at Burns's Stables, beginning at 11 o'clock on Saturday, the 23rd. This will be the sale advertised to take place on the 18th, but owing to sickness is postponed till the 23rd. W. P. WOOD & SON.

TO FAMILIES OF FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.—If you wish FIRST-CLASS CREAMY BUTTER, send your orders. Will ship from 10 lbs. up, price 25c. RIVERSIDE FARM, Ore Hill, N. C.

WILL SELL YOU A PAIR OF GERMAN HARES at $1.50. They grow very large. RIVERSIDE FARM, Ore Hill, N. C.

A Household Remedy.

And it never fails to cure Rheumatism, Catarrh, Pimples, Blotches and all diseases arising from impure blood, is Botanic Blood Balm. Thousands endorse it as the best remedy ever offered to mankind. The thousands of cures performed by this remedy are almost miraculous. Try it. Only $1.00 per large bottle. For sale by druggists. See advertisement elsewhere —*Adv.*

Do you travel? Are you a shipper? The "Rand-McNally Railway Guide and Hand-Book" contains all pertinent information. Ask your News-dealer.

April, 1895, Fashion Sheets free at FRANK THORNTON'S.

2,228,672.

These figures represent the number of bottles of Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption, Coughs and Colds, which were sold in the United States from March '91 to March, '92. Two Million, Two Hundred and Twenty-Eight Thousand, Six Hundred and Seventy-Two bottles sold in one year, and each and every bottle was sold on a positive guarantee that money would be refunded if satisfactory results did not follow its use. The secret of its success is plain. It never disappoints and can always be depended on as the very best remedy for Coughs, Colds, etc. Price 50c. and $1.00. At B. E. Sedberry & Son's Drug Store.

INGRAM,

No. 7 Market House, No. 7

BUTCHER OF

Select Mountain Cattle all the Year Around.

Pork and Sausage in Season.

SATISFACTION GIVEN ALL.

Respectfully, N. INGRAM.

$204,638,783.96.

The Largest Financial Organization of any Kind in the World.

The above figures represent the assets of the Old Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, with whom the leading men of the world carry their investments. *You do not have to die to win, but with us you can live to enjoy* the result of your early savings by investing them with us and thereby reaping the harvest of our 52 years of experience in financing.

2-28-95 5t

Geo. A. Thomson,

—GENERAL INSURANCE AGENT—
Life, Accident and Fire.

Fayetteville Cotton Seed Oil Mill,

Railroad Street,

Manufacturers of Cotton-Seed Meal and Crude Oil.

Pays highest market price for cotton-seed.

Papers for Sale.

Old papers for sale at the OBSERVER OFFICE at 20 cents per hundred.

Mr. Wm. M. Wilson
Pullman, W. Va.

Better Than For Years

Hood's Sarsaparilla Demonstrates Its Merits.

A scrofulous or catarrhal condition of the intestines is often the prime cause of chronic diarrhœa, and when the tissues are built up and healed by the pure blood made by Hood's Sarsaparilla, a cure is effected. Read this: "I believe it my duty to tell what benefit I have received from Hood's Sarsaparilla. I was afflicted with chronic diarrhœa for four years, and

Severe Pains in the Back

of my head and also in my side. I was treated by two leading physicians, but found no relief. I was advised by friends

Hood's Sarsaparilla Cures

to try Hood's Sarsaparilla. I commenced taking the medicine last May and have taken over seven bottles. I found relief after taking the first bottle and now feel better than I have for years." WILLIAM M. WILSON, Pullman, West Virginia.

Hood's Pills are the best after-dinner Pills, assist digestion, prevent constipation.

NOVELTIES

—IN THE SPRING LINE OF 1895,—

That Cannot be Surpassed!

$5.00

$6 PANTS: $6

MAN PANTS. WOMAN PANTS.

The former for wealth.

The latter for admiration;

but Snip the Tailor under the "North Carolina Baptist" makes the best suits and pantaloons. They never tear, never wear out, nor bag at the knees. The longer you wear them the thicker they get; sure to suit and bound to fit; over five hundred different styles to select from consisting of novelties of the latest designs from the most noted importers in this country. Call and be convinced.

W. A. CRAWFORD,
Merchant Tailor, Fayetteville, N. C.

KODAK

FREE SAMPLE

—AT—

B. E. SEDBERRY & SON'S.

KODAK

The most approved treatment for permanent cure of Headache and Neuralgic Pains—is also a speedy relief—is perfectly harmless and highly approved by Physicians who have seen the formula. Price 10 cents (two doses.)

KODAK

CHEW

"VESTIBULE,"

THE GREAT

NATURAL SUGAR-SWEETENED

TOBACCO.

THE S. A. L. VESTIBULE IS THE FASTEST TRAIN.

"VESTIBULE" TOBACCO

—IS THE—

Fastest Seller.

SOLD IN

FAYETTEVILLE

ONLY BY

R. M. PRIOR,

AT

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

MANUFACTURERS PRICE TO MERCHANTS.

Full Line of Groceries

—AT—

PRIOR'S.

Ten Cent Cotton!!

— WE MAY NEVER SEE AGAIN, —

—BUT—

THE FAYETTEVILLE OIL MILLS ARE SELLING

COTTON-SEED MEAL

ON TIME,

PAYABLE IN

COTTON

OR

MONEY.

CALL ON OR WRITE THEM FOR TERMS.

J. R. WILLIAMS,
3--14--95 3t MANAGER.

Sale of Land for Taxes 1894

The following Lots, Pieces and Parcels of Land, levied upon will be sold at Public Auction at the Court House of the County on Monday, April 1st, next, at 12 o'clock M., to satisfy the unpaid Taxes, together with the costs and expenses due thereon.

E. H. EVANS, Tax Collector.

GRAY'S CREEK TOWNSHIP.

NAMES.	DESCRIPTION	AMOUNT.
Barnes, Orin D	50 acres Chicken road	1 20
Barnes, G R	40 acres Reno Barnes	3 00
Byrne, Laura	10 acres residence	2 05
Byrne, David	10 acres residence	3 50
Carver, Nannie R	45 acres Dave Smith land	1 15
Cashwell, J J	100 acres Gaulbery	2 70
Canady, D M	50 acres residence	1 20
Davis, W G	85 acres joins Sarah Smith	3 85
Davis, James R	135 acres Asby creek	2 05
Elmore, John H	45 acres residence	4 75
Gilmore, Fanny	40 acres residence	2 70
Johnson, Alex	10 acres Gilmore land	3 20
Melvin, Thomas	38 acres residence	4 44
McLauchlin, Chas	26 acres Thames land	1 75
Raiford, Ed	5 acres residence	1 20
Smith, Norman M L	25 acres Neill Davane	1 70
Thames, Calvin	65 acres residence	2 75
Black, Calvin	23 acres residence	1 20
Crawford, Penny L	230 acres Sims land	5 20
Dry, Celia	40 acres joins McNeill and others	1 70
Davis, Green	30 acres Bladen line	1 05
Hughes, D L	23 acres joins Smith	3 58
Jones, George Ann	25 acres joins Nichols	1 80
McNeill, J D	199 acres McNeill land	5 23
Spearman, Heirs	240 acres residence and swamp	7 90

ROCKFISH TOWNSHIP.

Brown, Margaret, Est	130 acres Lumberton road	3 20
Bobbitt, J F	1 town lot Cumberland	5 20
Baulden, H	1½ acres Wilming'n road	4 50
Brady, I E	1 town lot Cumberland	5 30
Curtis, Preston	15¼ acres, Carver & Evans	3 50
Campbell, Martin	4½ acres residence	3 50
Davis, A J	1600 acres on Big Rockfish	21 47
Davis, J E	157 acres Rockfish residence	5 62
Dixon, Philer	52 acres Camden road	4 50
Emmerson, A W	34 acres Hope Mills, No 2	12 38
Evans, Rebecca	fair ground	1 20
Fairley, Henry	46 acres residence	2 10
Gales, S I	town lot do	2 33
Hatwood, John	2 acres res fair ground	4 79
Henderson, John	4 acres near J C Vann's	3 75
Johnson, Jas H	1 lot Hope Mills	32 42
Jeffry, David I	acre Wilm'gton road	2 20
Murphy, Lizzie I	lot fair ground	4 71
Murphy, Frank	14 acres Sandy Run	2 85
Matthews, M J	196 acres McIntyre land,	9 20
McKinnon, Duncan, Est	of 581 acres Ross land	12 70
McMillan, Mrs A P	483 acres res Roslin	9 60
McNeill, John H	48 acres res Big Rockfish	3 30
Peppers, Alford	37 acres Wiming'n road	6 27
Pettifoot, Chas	12 acres Wilming'n road	4 26
Rose, J C	33 acres res	4 00
Rose, Make	118 acres, part of E Rose land	4 24
Strickland, J W	22 acres Dunn place	4 65
Simmons, Mary	1½ acres Wilm'gton road	1 20
West, J Z M	24 acres res	4 67
Williams, L E	1 lot Wilm'gton road	1 70
Watson, Mary	5 acres Wilmington road	1 00
Webb, J J	105 acres Rockfish	1 70
Wilson, John	3¾ acres Camden road	3 25
Young, W H	50 acres Sandy Run	1 20
Brewington Geo R	heirs of 133 acres Wilmington road	7 10
Buie, J B	4 acres toll house	1 70
Carroll, James	10 acres C F & Y V railroad	1 70
Gibson, John	1 acre fair ground	3 25
Hogens, Emma	8 acres Wilmington road	1 90
Henderson, John	residen plank road	4 05
Jackson, Davis	40 acres Wilmington road	11 20
Jenkins, Annie	23½ acres Beaver Creek	1 85
Murphy, C S	6¼ residence Sandy run	3 50
McAlister, F A	1 acre Wilmington road	3 50
McArtan, John	202 acres McNatt land	2 20
McGuire, M F	1 acre residence Wilmington road	1 70
McKinnon, Archie	200 acres Big Rockfish	3 30
McKay, Absey	7 acres Dark branch	95
McLean, A D	42 acres Chicken road	4 38
McLeod, Robert	63 acres Sandy Run	1 45
Partridge, Ambrose	8 acres Camden road	8 20
Ross, Jerry	116 acres Eliza Ross land	4 21
Ray, Sarah E	100 acres joins E S Hobbs	1 70
Richardson & Moore	80 acres joins R McNeill	1 50
Smith, Mary A	14½ acres residence Camden road	3 76
Scurlock, Edinboro	23 acres residence plank road	2 20
Street, Pleasant	9 acres Lumberton road	3 50
Turner, P R	heirs of 3½ acres Wilmington road	2 20
Webb, Martha	¼ acre Pettiford land	1 20
Williams, Alex	44 acres joins Johnson	1 70

SEVENTY-FIRST TOWNSHIP.

Adcock, A H	45 acres residence	$4 28
Buie, Neill	1459 acres residence	30 49
Buie, Luther	50 acres Chicken road	5 65
Buie, Mary Me	50 acres Chicken road	2 70
Buie, Archie	estate of late residence	14 05
Burnett, Jannett	25 acres residence	1 70
Bruton, J D	28 acres residence	9 69
Bradshaw, A S	62 acres residence	4 88
Baker, E G	94 acres near poor house	4 20
Buie, John B	25 acres residence	1 20
Blanton, Laney	50 acres residence	1 55
Chavos, Ed	202 acres residence	4 24
Carter, J R	157 acres residence	9 77
Carter, Mrs J R	32 acres Stewart's Creek	1 70
Carter, William	45 acres residence	1 85
Culbreth, D J	199 acres residence	3 45
Campbell, Mrs John	280 acres residence	5 11
Campbell, A B	240 acres Chicken road	5 70
Campbell, D K	160 acres residence	3 70
Collins, Henry	estate of 500 acres late residence	3 24
Davis, D R	154 acres McDuffie's Creek	6 25
Davis, Laura	estate of 1000 acres Puppy Creek	5 70
Davis, G G	198 acres residence and Puppy Creek	4 50
Dobbin, Henry	45 acres residence	4 65
Elliot, George Jr	45 acres residence	2 55
Elliot, Daniel	74 acres residence	3 96
Faulk, Anthony	15 acres residence	1 90
Gillis, D C	200 acres residence	7 09
Gillis, Mrs E J	180 acres residence	6 04
Gilchrist, Caroline	10 acres residence	1 00
Gailes, W H	50 acres residence	4 08
Hobbs, A F	76 acres residence	2 20
Hollingsworth, Henry	74 acres residence	4 50
Hostler, James	12 acres residence	1 47
Hart, S E	22 acres residence	2 25
Hart, Joseph	15 acres homestead	3 63
Jackson, Alfred	8 acres residence	1 00
Jackson, Archie	30 acres residence	2 23
Jones, John	50 acres residence	5 13
Johnson, William	25 acres residence	2 20
Johnson, Henry	55 acres resence	1 59
Kelly, Handy	25 acres residence	9 12
Kivett, H J	224 acres residence	5 58
Monroe, Mary	4 acres residence	1 20
Monroe, Calvin	75 acres Puppy Creek	1 80
Monroe, Harry	25 acres residence	1 63
Monroe, T S	37 acres residence	5 13
Monroe, E D and D D	810 acres residence Carthage road	8 80
Monroe, Henry	115 acres residence	5 20
Monroe & Gilchrist	45 acres Hog branch	1 70
Monroe, N V	53 acres residence	3 91
Monroe, Dolly	2¼ acres Buckhead Creek	95
Monroe, D J	heirs of 100 acres Stewart's Creek	2 50
Mintz, D K	250 acres residence	11 76
Maxwell, S F	20 acres residence	4 50
Montgomery, Mrs M E	25 acres Chicken road	1 45
Murchison, Pearce	6 acres residence	3 24
McAllister, Nep	11 acres residence	3 56
McArthur, Mary C	40 acres Horse branch	1 20
McArthur, George	45 acres residence	2 35
McCall, Ellen	39 acres Bridge brach	1 60
McCaskill, W P	62 acres residence	2 15
McDonald, Isabella	estate 116 acres late residence	10 70
McDuffie, Mrs Margaret	419 acres residence	6 16
McFadyen, A B	190 acres Jumping Run	8 05
McGill, Sarah J	50 acres Middle Creek	3 30
McIntosh, A R	10 acres residence	3 55
McIntyre, Sarah	146 acres	3 20
McKay, Peter	82 acres Manly land	8 55
McKay, Andrew	51 acres Big branch	3 71
McKay, Thos	25 acres residence	3 72
McKay, James	17 acres res	1 20
McKinnon, Mrs Mary	700 acres Big Rockfish	10 70
McKethan, A J	65 acres res	5 82
McNeill, Robt	25 do do	3 65
McPherson, Toby	36 do do	3 40
McPherson, Ormelia	6 do do	1 20
McQueen, Elizabeth	232 do do	22 15
Newton, Jesse	88 do do	10 23
Patterson, Jno A	150 do do	4 45
Ray, Duncan	10 do do	2 02
Ray, Mary	477 acres residence	9 73
Ray, Margaret	300 acres Deep creek	7 40
Richardson, Martha	6 acres N P road	1 26
Ritter, Kittie	27 acres Bones creek	1 24
Robertson, J P, Ag't	1050 acres Little Rockfish	5 20
Shaw, J A	210 acres res	8 05
Shaw, Calvin	16 acres res	80
Shaw, John G	317 acres Black creek	18 35
Shaw, John G, Adm'r	56 acres joins Gillia	7 95
Simmons, G W	6 acres res	4 07
Sandy, R T Est	50 acres joins McInnis	2 20
Stenson, Len	45 acres res	5 02
Womick, Wm	190 acres res	2 94
Womack, Mary	200 acres res	7 70
Werrells, J F	200 acres res	7 34
Williams, J E, Est	140 acres res	2 10
Webster, Mattie	90 acres res	9 70
Huske, Wright, Est	3,962 acres Little River	15 70

QUEWHIFFLE.

Campbell, Flora A	10 acres Little creek	$ 80
Jerrigan, J F	73 acres Mountain creek	4 12
Lenox, R P	125 acres Long branch	5 75
North, G W	60 acres bach branch	1 30
Smith, J P	38½ acres turnpike road	5 07
Pharis John C	14 acres Little creek	3 14

LITTLE RIVER TOWNSHIP.

Gilliland, A L	14 acres Tuckaho	$1 10
Gilliland, Mary E	67 acres Little River	1 70
Leslie, Ann M	77 acres Little River	1 47
Matthews, J C	50 acres Cranes creek	1 20
McCrimmon, Lovdy A, heirs	208 acres James creek	1 70
McCrimmon, John	16 acres James creek	80
McLeod, Kate and sister	222 acres Little River	5 28
McLeod, Martha	91 acres Little River	1 61
McLeod, Kate	95 acres do	1 65
McRae, Moses	42 acres Buffalo creek	1 20
Priest, J H	300 acres pole cat	4 68
Priest, E W	155 acres James creek	4 64
Priest, Mary and Flora	412 acres James creek	3 44
Scarboro, Harriet A	250 acres James creek	3 20

CARVER'S CREEK TOWNSHIP.

Bowden, J W	estate 400 acres sand hill	$2 70
Bowden, Mary	estate 147 acres residence	1 70
Buie, D McD	100 acres residence	4 67
Baker, W B	188 acres residence	6 48
Collier, J W	27 acres residence	1 20
Cordey, Jno	heirs 60 acres Blue Branch	1 30
Cashwell, Noah	15 acres joins Johnson	1 00
Carver, John	350 acres residence	2 75
Dunn, Wm	10 acres joins Tokay	1 00
Dunn, Robt	25 acres joins Tokay	1 45
Farmer,

THE OBSERVER.

THURSDAY,.....MARCH 21, 1895.

E. J. HALE, Jr., General Business Manager.

FAYETTEVILLE N. C.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION:

Weekly one year (in advance).....$2 00
Weekly six months (in advance)..... 1 00

RATES OF ADVERTISING:

Advertisements will be inserted for $1.00 per square (one inch) for the first and fifty cents for each subsequent publication. Four weeks constitute a month

☞ The Editor of this paper will in no wise be responsible for the views expressed by correspondents.

Contracts for advertising for any space or time may be made at the office of the OBSERVER, or by correspondence.

☞ Notices of church and society and all other entertainments from which revenue is to be derived will be charged for at the rate of five cents a lined.

☞ The sum of not less than five cents per line will be charged for "cards of thanks," "resolutions of respect" and obituary poetry. also for obituary notices other than those which the editor himself shall give as a matter of news.

Schedule of Mails at Post Office, Fayetteville, N. C.

	Arrival.	Departure.	Clo'g of Mails.
On A. C. L.			
North Bound,	10:45 a m	10:57 a m	10:27
North Bound,	9:19 p m	9:19 p m	9:00 p m
South Bound,	4:25 p m	4:25 p m	4:05 p m
South Bound,	12:51 a m	12:51 a m	9:00 p m
C. F. & Y. V. R. R.			
North Bound,	10:35 a m	10:55 a m	10:27 a m
South Bound,	4:33 p m	4:45 p m	4:15 p m
Ben'ett'e Div	10:50 a m	4:45 p m	4:15 p m
River Line,	Thurs & Sat.	Mon & Wed	
From Wilg'n	4:00 p m	8:00 a m	7:30 a m
Star Routes,	Wed & Sat	Tues & Fri	
Manly Mail,	6:00 p m	7:00 a m	6:30 a m
	Tuesday & Fri	Wed & Sat	
Wicker—No special schedule.			
Edonia,	7:30 p m	7:00 a m	6:30 a m

"Daily except Sunday.

B. H. HENDERSON, P. M.

TOWN AND COUNTY.

INDEX TO NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

W. S. COOK—Notice.
F. M. SIMMONS—Libel Notice.
S. SHEETZ & SONS—Baby Carriages.
MISS M. A. MALLETT—Dress-Making!
FRANK W. THORNTON—To the Public.
A. S. HUSKE—Housekeepers and Others.
C. W. ELLIOTT—Page's Celebrated Candies.
J. D. BARDIN—Thoroughbred Fancy Poultry.
CHAS. GLOVER—Valuable Real Estate for Sale.
JAS. H. JOHNSON—Commissioner's Sale of Land.
H. McD. ROBINSON, C. W. BIDGOOD—Attorneys at Law.
E. J. LILLY, Assignee—Attractions for the Sterner Sex
D. H. RAY, Assignee—Assignee's Sale of Crockery, &c.
J. A. PEMBERTON—The Southern Stock Mutual Insurance Co
MRS. N. GAGE—Old Fashioned Furniture Wanted—see Special.
W. P. WOOD & SON—Auction Sale of Horses and Mules—see Special.
A BILL to be Entitled "An Act to Authorize the City of Fayetteville to Establish and Operate a System of Electric Lights and Motive Power.

The attendance at the Lenten Services of St. John's Church is unusually large.

The Cape Fear River is booming and the flood promises to equal the recent great freshet.

Shad are beginning to come in quite lively at last, but they are still very high, $1.25 a pair.

Mr. J. D. Bardin, who advertises thoroughbred fancy poultry for sale, is the Clerk of Wilson Superior Court.

Mr. Jno. B. Tillinghast succeeds Mr. Addison Worth in the Auditor's office of the C. F. & Y. V. Railroad.

The afternoon train from Fayetteville 4:50 o'clock on the C. F. & Y. V. R. R., Bennettsville division, makes direct connection with the West bound train on the Carolina Central road at Maxton for Charlotte, Atlanta and other Southern points.

Mr. Addison Worth has leased the Fayetteville Printing Company, and his former experience in the business combined with his naturally fine talents, is an augury of his success. Mr. Garrett, than whom there is no better printer in the State, remains foreman.

Good Bye to the 'Possum and 'Simmon Beer.

The time is not far distant when 'possum and 'simmon beer will be but a fond recollection. We learn that the persimmon tree is rapidly disappearing in this section, on account of the demand for it by manufacturers.

Maj. Broadfoot.

As our readers will have seen from the Legislative proceedings, the Board of Directors of the Insane Asylums was not changed, and our esteemed townsman Major John B. Broadfoot was re-elected President of the Board at the meeting last week.

It was the good fortune of the local editor of this paper to see Salvini in Wilmington Monday night. He is truly a great actor, but his is entirely different from the severe yet sublime acting of his renowned father Tomasso Salvini. The young Salvini is one of the most pleasing actors we have ever seen. He was supported by a capital company.

Off for Trinadad.

Mr. James Strange, of this city, left Wilmington Tuesday on the bark Marion Harriss, bound for Trinadad with lumber. Mr. Strange goes as one of the crew which is composed of several Wilmington boys, including Messrs. William Atkinson and Clarence Maffit, both well known here. We wish the Marion Harriss a prosperous voyage and a safe return.

Two Negroes Probably Drowned.

At McBryde's Mill on Little River, last Thursday, two negroes, Hercules Williams and James McBryde, borrowed a boat to cross to the opposite shore. The river was swollen and turbulent from the excessive rains and as nothing has since been seen of the boat or the men it is not unlikely that they were capsized and drowned.

Buy No Others.

All persons are hereby cautioned against buying copies of the OBSERVER offered for sale on the streets unless, in every case, the words "For Transient Sale" are stamped on the margin of the paper. Should a newsboy or carrier offer for sale a copy of the OBSERVER not stamped, he should be promptly reported at this office.

Cumberland Magistrates.

The following is the list of Magistrates appointed by the last Legislature for Cumberland County as reported by our Raleigh correspondent:

Cross Creek—W. P. Wemyss, T. B. Newberry, W. J. Tolar, Geo. Lawrence, A. J. Deal.
Rockfish—To fill vacancies, Warren Carver, M. A. Patterson, R. L. Broxton, D. J. Cashwell, J. E. Buie.
Black River—D. J. L. McIntyre, W. J. Pope, Z. Taylor, J. C. Bain, Nathan Williams.
Flea Hill—J. D. Geddie, Nath. Williams, R. J. Harrison, E. S. Sanders, D. A. Autry.
Cedar Creek—J. B. Downing, John Everett, Neill Tagart, Guilford Horn.
Beaver Dam—M. H. Bullard, James W. Cogdel, C. P. Rollins, W. J. F. Beard.
Little River—L. C. Johnson.
Carver's Creek—W. G. Adams, E. F. Collier, J. A. McFarland, M. W. King. R. R. Bell.
Quwhiffle—J. E. Currie, A. D. McLeod, J. E. Campbell, Eugene Lovett, Martin Patterson.
Seventy First—J. R. Luther, J. T. Townsend, Thos. Bennett, J. W. D. Smith, R. L. Jenkinson.
Gray's Creek—W. A. Gainey, J. B. Williams, William Biddle, James Pate, A. Gainey.

The following magistrates retire under the present law on August 1st:

Cross Creek—Chas. Glover, W. C. Troy, J. B. Smith.
Rockfish—Lauchlin McDonald, J. T. Sellers.
Little River—N. D. McDonald.
Carver's Creek—None.
Quewhiffle—None.
Seventy-First—W. J. McCraney.
Gray's Creek—Alex. Pate, F. N. McMillan.
Beaver Dam—Jno. S. Horne, Alex. Simmons.
Cedar Creek—None.
Black River—D. J. L. McIntyre, Isaac Strickland, W. M. Pope.
Flea Hill—None.

Rev. Kirkland Huske.

Our readers will be pleased to learn that Mr. Kirkland Huske, son of Rev. Dr. Huske of this city has been ordained to the priesthood. This young man has a very bright future before him, and we congratulate him. A Middletown, Conn., exchange of recent date says:

The exercises of ordination to the priesthood were held at St. Luke's chapel at 9 o'clock Saturday morning, March 9th. The candidate was Rev. Kirkland Huske, of Trinity church, Collinsville, who graduated from the Berkeley Divinity school in the class of '94. Ordinarily he would not have been raised to the priesthood until June, but owing to the inconvenience occasioned in getting a rector to administer Holy Communion to the parishioners of Trinity, a special service was held, and hereafter Rev. Mr. Huske will be able to administer to the wants of his flock. The candidate was presented by his brother, Rev. John Huske, assistant Minister of St. Thomas's Church, New York. The ordination sermon was preached by Rev. Dr. Samuel Hart, of Trinity College, Hartford, and the ordination was by Rt. Rev. John Williams, D. D., L. L. D., bishop of Connecticut.

Death of Mrs. Weisiger.

Mrs. E. Weisiger, formerly of this city, died at Morganton on Tuesday the 12th instant. Mrs. Weisiger, who was highly esteemed by all who knew her, was Miss Evans, a cousin of our townsmen Messrs. James and Oliver Evans, and sister of Mrs. John H. Hall. The Charlotte Observer, of the 13th, thus refers to the deceased lady:

Mrs. E. Weisiger, house-keeper of the State Hospital at Morganton, died of Bright's disease at 6 o'clock last evening at the institution, aged about 65 years. She was a native of Cumberland, and before entering upon the duties of the place which she has filled for a number of years past, kept a boarding house at Hickory. She was a good woman and the State had no better or more conscientious servant. She was the embodiment of a just economy and saved North Carolina many a dollar. Her place at the Hospital will be hard to fill.

City Lighting.

At the time Col. Cook announced the purpose to apply to the legislature for authority to hold an election to determine whether or not the city should issue bonds for establishing a plant for manufacturing its own light, we invited a discussion of the subject through these columns. No one has appeared to oppose Col. Cook's presentation of the case, and we take it for granted the people approve the project. We think, upon a review of the whole subject, that their conclusion is the proper one. It is to be remembered that the present rate of taxation cannot be increased under the law just passed. See the text of the act elsewhere.

Fire on Sunday.

A fire that threatened at one time the entire railroad shops, broke out Sunday afternoon about half past four o'clock in the C. F. & Y. V. railroad yard. The fire alarm was quickly given, and the fire company arrived in the "nick of time," and with the assistance of the engine of a passenger train that happened to be passing at the time, the flames were soon subdued. The fire originated from the spark of an engine alighting on the roof of the paint shop. A hole in the roof of this building was all the damage done.

A Level-headed Judge.

Judge Norwood spent Sunday at the Lafayette, on his way from Moore to Bladen court. The Judge says that when told that the country between Clarkton and Elizabethtown was pretty well under water from recent heavy rains, he determined to come to Fayetteville and take one of Col. Cook's excellent Cape Fear river boats to his destination, as he considered a boat under such circumstances a more appropriate conveyance than a baggy.

An Event.

Mr. Thornton's great establishment looked quite like one of the big New York stores in the "shopping district," on Monday. To celebrate his Spring opening, the Band of the Big 6 played from the balcony, while within throngs of handsomely dressed ladies added to the effect of the beautifully decorated salesrooms.

The house on Green street, recently occupied by Mr. W. B. McMillan, and now owned by Dr. Highsmith, is being remodeled, and when finished will be a very handsome residence. Dr. Highsmith and family will make it their future residence.

Why Home-Seekers Should Locate Along the C. F. & Y. V. Railroad.

Capt. W. E. Kyle of the C. F. & Y. V. Railroad has gotten up a very convenient pocket schedule, on the back of which are numerous very interesting facts concerning this home road, some of which are as follows:

It traverses an attractive Agricultural country of rich and productive soil.

You can purchase a Rice, Cotton or Tobacco plantation at from $1.00 to $10.00 per acre.

It is the best country in the South for a man of moderate means.

You can cultivate a crop with more profit and less work than in the North.

You can purchase water-power sites of unsurpassed capacity located in the cotton belt.

Manufacturing can be done cheaper than in the North, owing to mildness of the climate, cheaper fuel and raw material.

You can obtain a home for less money, make a living easier, get rich faster and live longer than you can in the North. Lumber only costs $5.00 to $10.00 per thousand feet.

You will receive a cordial welcome all along the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railway from the most conservative, manly and open-hearted people in America.

25 Cotton Mills; 1 Cotton Finishing Mill; 3 Woolen Mills; 35 Plug Tobacco Factories; 7 Cigar Factories; 6 Smoking Tobacco Factories; 6 Prize Tobacco Factories; 16 Leaf Tobacco Warehouses; 4 Roller Mills; 6 Ice Factories; 9 Canning Factories; 1 Shoe Factory; 2 Fertilizer Manufactories; 3 Cotton Seed Oil Mills; 53 Naval Store Manufactories; 6 Brown Stone Quarries; 2 Granite Quarries; 69 Saw Mills; 38 Planing Mills; 9 Sash, Blind and Door Factories; 3 Shuttle Block Factories; 4 Barrel Factories; 2 Shingle Mills; 2 Spoke, Rim and Handle Factories; 4 Wagon Factories; 3 Plow Factories; 11 Carriage Factories; 4 Wooden Ware Factories; 1 Stove Factory; 7 Furniture Factories; 18 Machine Shops and Foundries; 20 Whiskey Distilleries; 4 Nurseries; Chatham Coal Mines; the largest Vineyard, growing the greatest variety of grapes, East of the Rocky Mountains.

Ample sidings promptly placed for the accommodation of all Manufacturing Enterprises.

Strangers Have an Eye on Fayetteville.

Mr. Newton H. Smith, the manager of the Land and Immigration Agency, who has just returned from a successful business trip, showed us a few of the numerous letters of inquiry in regard to this section, that awaited him on his return. Among them were letters from Illinois, Nebraska, Pennsylvania, Utah, Massachusetts, Ohio, Michigan, Minnesota, Wisconsin, New York and Mexico.

The following is an extract from one of the letters from Massachusetts:

"I noticed your advertisement in the 'Fayetteville Observer' as Manager of the 'Land and Immigration Agency.' I, perhaps with two or three families, desire to find a suitable locality in North Carolina where we can locate and make a permanent home for ourselves. What we desire is to buy from twenty to forty acres of land each, very near some small city, where we can engage in fruit and poultry. Judging from the location of Fayetteville, I think we would find there about what we want. I was born and raised in Louisiana, and left there some twelve years ago. I am getting very tired of the extreme cold of this part of the country, and have decided to get out of it before another winter, but not liking the extreme hot summers of my native State, I do not care to return to it."

And here is one from Nebraska:

"I am organizing a colony of from 25 to 50 families of intelligent, industrious, honest but comparatively poor white people. The purpose in mind is to go where land is cheap, soil adapted to, with climate and markets to go into vegetable gardening and fruit growing. Each family to own from 5 to 40 acres. Where symptoms seem encouraging I will visit, investigate, and when suited locate. Will you place this before your people for a general response."

People and their Movements.

Mr. E. W. Overbaugh is at home for a few days.

We are glad to see Mr. Gaster on the streets again.

Mrs. Jno. Shaw has gone north to purchase spring goods.

Capt. Kingsbury has moved his office to Mr. Gaster's on Green street.

Mr. N. A. Sinclair is attending the Supreme Court at Raleigh this week.

Mrs. Hawthorne, of New York, is visiting her brother, Mr. Willie L. Hawley.

Mrs. Bogue, of Brooklyn, N. Y., is visiting her sister, Mrs. W. E. Kyle, on Haymount.

Mrs. W. E. Walton is visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. A. Moore, on Haymount.

Mrs. Elvina McKay and daughter, of Florence, S. C., are visiting relatives in the city.

Messrs. W. L. and E. C. Holt and H. C. Fowler, of Burlington, spent Tuesday in the city.

Mrs. Charles H. Wood, of Boston, and her daughter, Miss Mary, are on a visit to "Tokay."

Mrs. J. J. Crosswell and her three youngest children have returned from a pleasant trip to relatives in Florida.

Miss Viola Bush, of Macon, Ga., who has been visiting her sister, Mrs. C. V. McIntyre, for several months, returned home last Tuesday morning.

We are glad to state that Capt. N. W. Ray who was confined to his room with the grippe, is better and took a short ride over to his office on Tuesday.

We had a pleasant call from Mr. A. W. McAlister, Secretary and Treasurer of the Southern Stock Mutual Insurance Company of Greensboro, N. C. Col. J. A. Pemberton has accepted the agency for the company in Fayetteville.

Mr. Harry Harding, son of Rev. Nathaniel Harding of the Episcopal Diocese of East Carolina, spent last week in the city as the guest of his uncle, Rev. Mr. Hughes. Mr. Harding is on his way to the University of the South at Sewanee, where he is a student.

Mr. Z. P. Smith, editor of the Lodge Weekly, the organ of the Masons, Odd Fellows and Knights of Pythias, was in the city yesterday. Mr. Smith, who is a charming gentleman, well represents his excellent periodical, which we are glad to know is prospering.

The J. M. Pearce, advertised in schedule A of the supplement is not our county man, Mr. James Pearce.

The C. F. & Y. V. Case at Wilmington.

Mr. Jno. M. Rose, Capt. W. E. Kyle, Mr. R. W. Bidgood and Hon. Geo. M. Rose left Monday evening for Wilmington, to attend the trial of the case of the bond holders of the C. F. & Y. V. R'y against the North State Improvement Company, before special Master Eugene Martin. They were joined in Wilmington Tuesday morning by Gen. Jno. Gill, Messrs. J. W. and H. L. Fry, and several members of the bond holders' syndicate from Baltimore, all of whom passed through this city on a special train. The OBSERVER reporter was in Wilmington Monday night and there saw attorneys from all over the State and from Baltimore, who represent interested parties in this case.

Following are comments of our Wilmington contemporaries:

Wilmington Messenger, March 19.]

There is quite a gathering of eminent lawyers in Wilmington, attracted here by a reference hearing to-day at 11 o'clock at the court house before Eugene S. Martin, Esq., who was appointed special master by Judge Simonton of the United States court, to sit with reference to the establishment of claims against the Cape Fear and Yadkin Valley railway, now in the hands of Gen. John Gill of Baltimore, as receiver.

Some of the counsel and parties at interest arrived on Sunday, others got here yesterday and last night, and Gen. Gill and his party are expected here from Baltimore this morning. Among those here are Judge J. H. Hudson, of Bennettsville, S. C., counsel for the receiver; Messrs. R. R King, of Greensboro, James A. Lockhart, of Wadesboro, and George A. Daniels, of Goldsboro, counsel for the creditors of the North State Improvement Co.; Mr. Chas. W. Williams, of Richmond, representing sundry banks; Hon. Geo. M. Rose, of Fayetteville, representing the first mortgage bond holders, and Messrs. C. C. Watson and J. C. Buxton, of Winston Salem, and R. O. Burton, of Raleigh, counsel for the receiver of the North State Improvement company. Messrs. Cowen, Cross & Turner, of Baltimore, will arrive to day to represent the first mortgage bond holders.

Among the interested parties here are Dr. W. A. Lash, of Walnut Cove, formerly president of the C. F. & Y. V. railway and North State Improvement company, Mr. John W. Fries, of Salem, receiver of the North State Improvement company, Mr. E. B. Borden, of Goldsboro, a creditor of the North State Improvement company, and the Hon. John M. Rose, secretary of the C. F. & Y. V. Railway company.

Wilmington Star, March 19.

The case is a suit to foreclose a deed executed by the Farmers' Loan & Trust Company of New York city, against the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railroad, mortgage to secure the first mortgage bonds issued by the said company of which Gen. Jno. Gill was appointed receiver. The special Master's hearing will be to take evidence of the said action and report the same to the United States Circuit Court.

Prior to the institution of this suit the C. F. & Y. V. R. R. Co. had put a second mortgage on the road to the amount of five million dollars. With this issue it was intended to retire these first mortgage bonds and pay off its indebtedness to the North State Improvement Company for its construction. The holders of the second mortgage bonds refused to accept the second mortgage bonds in lieu of the first mortgage bonds, and the road failing to meet the interest of the first mortgage bonds a receiver was appointed. Prior to the appointment of Mr. John Gill as receiver, the North State Improvement Company, which was a large holder of the second mortgage bonds, went into the hands of a receiver. Mr. John W. Fries, of Salem, being the receiver, made a motion to be allowed to intervene in this suit wherein the Farmers' Loan and Trust Company is plaintiff.

The receiver, Mr. Gill, of the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railroad, is represented by Judge Hudson, of Bennettsville, S. C.; Rieaud & Weill, of Wilmington; Cowan and Cross, of Baltimore, and Geo. M. Rose, of Fayetteville. The Farmers' Loan & Trust Company by Mr. Turner, of New York.

A press dispatch from Baltimore last night said:

"The committee representing the first mortgage bondholders of the Cape Fear & Yadkin Valley Railroad, held a meeting here to-day and completed final arrangements for establishing the claims of the first mortgage bondholders. This committee represents about $2,800,000 deposited under the terms of the first mortgage bondholders agreement, out of a total issue of $3,500,000. The property has been operated by Gen. John Gill, of Baltimore, as receiver, since April 1, 1894, and has shown satisfactory results, considering the times. The bondholders hope to get a decree of foreclosure at the April term of court and will probably buy the property when it is offered for sale."

To the Public!

Thousands of dollars are annually sent away by persons living in this city and county for the purchase of Goods that can be better and more cheaply bought at home. Parties so sending, are induced to do so by flaming advertisements periodically sent out by "non-resident" dealers offering goods at "closing out" prices and proclaiming "unusual facilities from shopping by mail."

Self-interest, to say nothing of a desire to patronize home enterprises should induce every one to look well before sending money away from home.

Goods of all kinds can be sold cheaper here than they can be bought from abroad by mail.

Purchasers have the advantage of *seeing what they buy* and *examining before they pay*. How often have you been *disappointed* and *deceived* in receiving goods by mail—to say nothing of the delay and the cost of package on express.

The undersigned has years of experience in the dry goods trade, knows what the people need, and can supply your wants *at home*. Call and see before you send away for "out of style" mail goods. He has a large, beautiful and fresh stock on hand and wants your patronage. He is doing what he can to build up your beautiful southern city. Help him by spending your money among and with your own people.

Yours truly,

FRANK W. THORNTON.

Doctors Say;

Bilious and Intermittent Fevers which prevail in miasmatic districts are invariably accompanied by derangements of the Stomach Liver and Bowels.

The Secret of Health.

The liver is the great "driving wheel" in the mechanism of man, and when it is out of order, the whole system becomes deranged and disease is the result.

Tutt's Liver Pills
Cure all Liver Troubles.

ATTRACTIONS

—FOR THE—

Sterner :-: Sex.

E. J. LILLY, Assignee

—OF—

ROSE & LEAK

IN THE LAST ISSUE'S ADVERTISEMENT OF THE MANY

Bargains for the Ladies,

ENTIRELY OVERLOOKED THE MEN.

NOW THAT THE HOT WEATHER IS APPROACHING THE

NEGLIGEE SHIRT

IS THE PROPER THING.

Lot No. 1

CONTAINS A LARGE NUMBER OF

Unlaundred Negligee Shirts

WHICH COST $2 20—WILL SELL FOR $1

No. 2.

A *LARGER* NUMBER COST FROM $1 25 TO $1.50. REDUCED TO 75c.

No. 3.

THE *LARGEST* NUMBER—COST FROM 75c. TO $1.00—WILL BE SOLD FOR 50 CTS.

SHOES.

A FEW OF THOSE CELEBRATED LILLY, BRACKETT & CO.'S $5 00 FOR ONLY $2.50.

W. L. DOUGLAS'S

$3.00 SHOE FOR $1.98; $2.50 FOR $2.00; $2.00 FOR $1.50.

Keep a sharp watch for our weekly bargains.

These Goods must be sold.

E. J. LILLY, Assignee

OF ROSE & LEAK.

DRESS-MAKING.

Miss M. A. Mallett wishes to inform the public that she is prepared to furnish all of the *latest* New York and Paris Spring and Summer Fashions in **DRESS-MAKING.**

☞ Will adapt her prices to suit the times.

With the assistance of a tailoress, will also do **ODD JOBBING** in that line, renovating gentlemen's coats, vests, &c. Over Miss M. H. Smith's Millinery Store 3-21-95 4t

ASSIGNEE'S SALE

—OF—

Crockery, &c.

The Stock of Goods which came into my hands by virtue of a deed of assignment made to me by W. N. Tillinghast on the 5th inst., is being sold at prices favorable to buyers.

Country merchants will find much in this stock which they can use to advantage. Come before all the best goods are sold.

D. H. RAY,
March 20, 1895—3t Assignee.

H. McD. ROBINSON, Notary Public. C. W. BIDGOOD.

ATTORNEYS AT LAW.

The undersigned are associated in the practice of law, and all business entrusted to them will receive prompt attention.

H. McD. ROBINSON.
C. W. BIDGOOD.

NOTICE.

In accordance with Section 8 of a bill entitled "An Act to Authorize the City of Fayetteville to Establish and operate a System of Electric Lights and Motive Power," ratified by the General Assembly of North Carolina March 9th, 1895, which Act is published in full in this paper, notice is hereby given that the Election provided for in said Act for the purpose of approving or disapproving said Act by a popular vote, will be held at the Market House in the City of Fayetteville on the first Monday in May, 1895, to-wit: May 6th, 1895. C. P. Overby Esq., has been duly selected Registrar of Voters, and Benj. R. Huske and Edward Evans have been appointed the judges of election.

W. S. COOK,
Mayor of the City of Fayetteville.
March 21, 1895 1t

LIBEL NOTICE.

The following articles of personal property were seized at Fayetteville, in this the Fourth District of North Carolina, at time named; Section violated given

February 8, 1894, one cask of corn whisky containing about 25 gallons, H. M. Pate, owner. R. S. 3226.

February 21, one cask corn whisky, 42 gallons, seized at C. F & Y. V. Depot, manufactured at A E. Shores distillery. R. S. 3224—3226.

Any person claiming any interest in said property should appear before me within thirty days from date of this Libel Notice and show cause why said property should not be forfeited to the United States

Given under my hand and seal at Raleigh, N. C, this 20th day of March, 1895.

F. M. SIMMONS,
Collector In. Revenue, Fourth Dist N. C.
3-21-95 3t

COMMISSIONER'S SALE OF LAND.

By virtue of a decree of the Superior Court of Cumberland County the undersigned will, on Thursday, the 13th day of April, 1895, at 12 o'clock, at the Market House in Fayetteville, sell the lands of Silas Daniels—about 9 acres in all.

JAMES H. JOHNSON,
3-21-94 4t Commissioner.

Thoroughbred Fancy Poultry!

S. S. BROWN LEGHORNS—the egg machine.
GIANT BLACK JAVAS—the largest clean legged chicken that grows.
BEAUTIFUL WHITE WYANDOTTES.

Eggs for hatching, ready for delivery, $1 00 per 15. Fair hatch guaranteed.

There are no finer birds in the South than mine. Circular free.

J. D. BARDIN,
3-21-95 8t Wilson, N. C.

A BILL

To be Entitled "An Act to Authorize the City of Fayetteville to Establish and Operate a System of Electric Lights and Motive Power."

The General Assembly of North Carolina do enact:

Section 1. That the City of Fayetteville be, and is hereby authorized and empowered to purchase, hold, erect and establish all necessary land, works and machinery, wherewith to furnish electric lights and motive power for the use of the city and its citizens, and for persons living in its suburbs.

Section 2. For the foregoing purposes it shall be lawful for the said City of Fayetteville to issue and sell, at a price not less than par, the coupon bonds of said City to the amount of Ten Thousand ($10,000) Dollars, said bonds to be in denominations of One Hundred ($100) Dollars and Five Hundred ($500) Dollars and to run for a period of thirty years from the issue of the same, and to bear interest at the rate of six per centum per annum payable semi-annually on the first days of June and December of each year after their issue.

Section 3. Said coupon bonds shall be signed by the Mayor and Secretary of The City of Fayetteville, and it shall be the duty of said Secretary to keep an accurate account of the same.

Section 4. The coupons of said bonds shall be receivable by the Tax Collector and Treasurer of The City of Fayetteville in payment of taxes and all dues to the City.

Section 5 That it shall be lawful for the said City of Fayetteville in addition to lighting the streets and public buildings of the city, to provide lights and motive power for private use at such rentals as may be agreed upon, and the receipts arising from said rents shall be specially kept by the Treasurer of said city, and shall be applied to the payment of the interest on said bonds as the coupons may fall due, and to the further purpose of creating a sinking fund of three hundred ($300) dollars per annum, which sinking fund of three hundred ($300) dollars it shall be the duty of the authorities of said city to lay aside annually from any funds in the Treasury, and any surplus from said rentals in excess of the amount sufficient to pay the interest on said bonds and the sinking fund above provided for, shall be applied to the payment of the operating expenses of the plant; and any deficiency in the amount necessary for the payment of either interest, the sinking fund, or the operating expenses of said system of Electric Lights and Motive Power, shall be paid from the current tax receipts of said city and shall be charged as necessary light expense Should there be any excess from private rentals over the amount necessary to pay said interest, the sinking fund and the operating expenses, such excess shall be used for the payment of the ordinary expenses and liabilities of the city.

Section 6. All administrators, executors and guardians and other persons acting in a fiduciary capacity are hereby authorized and empowered to invest the funds entrusted to them in said bonds.

Section 7. All laws and parts of laws in conflict with this act are hereby repealed.

Section 8. It shall be the duty of the Mayor of the City of Fayetteville, within twenty days after the ratification of this Act, to publish this Act in full for a period of thirty days in some newspaper published in the City of Fayetteville and at the same time and in the same newspaper to give notice of an election to be held at the Market House in said City on a day to be specified in said advertisement, for the purpose of approving or disapproving this Act by a popular vote.

Section 9. The Board of Aldermen of the City of Fayetteville shall appoint a Registrar of the voters of said The City of Fayetteville who shall register such citizens of said City as are not at present registered, and who would be entitled to vote at this election; and shall cause such publication and notices to be given as are provided by Section 7 of Chapter 153 of the Private Laws of 1893.

Section 10. The duties of the Registrar, so to be appointed, the Registration and the oath of electors shall be as provided by Sections, 8, 9 and 10 of Chapter 153 of said Private Laws of 1893.

Section 11. The Board of Aldermen of said City shall appoint two judges of election to hold said election and the duties and powers and qualifications of said judges of election shall be the same as are provided by said Chapter 153 of the Private Laws of 1893; and all matters and questions as to the election herein provided for shall be determined according to the provisions of Chapter 153 of the Private Laws of 1893, Sections 7 to 14 inclusive of both.

Section 12. The ballots to be used at the election herein provided for shall be upon white paper and without device and shall contain the words "Bonds" or "No Bonds."

Section 13. This act shall be in full force and effect from and after its ratification by a majority of the qualified voters of the City of Fayetteville voting "Bonds."

Ratified the 9th day of March, A. D., 1895.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA,
OFFICE SECRETARY OF STATE,
RALEIGH, March 15, 1895.

I, OCTAVIUS COKE, Secretary of State of the State of North Carolina, do hereby certify the foregoing (seven sheets) to be a true copy from the records of this office.

[L.S.] Done in office at Raleigh, this 15th day of March, 1895.

OCT. COKE, Secretary of State.

Valuable Real Estate FOR SALE.

On Monday, the first day of April, at 12 o'clock M., I will, at the Market House, in the Town of Fayetteville, offer for sale to the highest bidder, the following described Real Estate, to-wit:

Four Tenant Houses and Lots near A. C. L. Depot—three of them fronting on Robinson street, and one fronting on Hillsboro street.

Also one House and Lot in Lower Fayetteville, near Hollingsworth's store. Said lot contains a good 3-room dwelling and ¾ of an acre of land.

Also four other Houses and Lots on the south side of Fayetteville, near Fair Grounds, lying between the old Southern plank-road and the Lumberton road.

Nearly all the above houses are comparatively new and occupied by good tenants.

For further particulars apply to the undersigned

Terms made known on day of sale.

CHAS. GLOVER,
March 18, 1895—ts Auctioneer.

HOUSEKEEPERS AND OTHERS

will find us willing and obliging with nice goods to offer.

COUNTRY BUCKWHEAT AND PREPARED BUCKWHEAT.
BEST SYRUPS AND MOLASSES.
MARTIN'S GILT EDGE BUTTER—30c.
CREAM CHEESE.
FRESH CAKES AND CRACKERS.
COTTOLINE AND LEAF LARD.
TOMATOES AND PEACHES.
CALIFORNIA DRIED FRUITS.

A. S. HUSKE.

Truckers are invited to visit us—will always be welcome, and find something to their interest.

A. S. HUSKE.

Page's Celebrated Candies.

MASON'S UNEQUALED BANQUET WAFERS, CAKES and CRACKERS.
BALDWIN APPLES, BANANAS, ORANGES, LEMONS and COCOANUTS.
BANQUET, CREAMERY AND FANCY ELGIN BUTTER.
CHEESE.
CANNED GOODS.
KINGAN'S OLD RELIABLE and PICNIC HAMS.
LAGUIRA AND RIO COFFEE.
FINEST TEAS.
BEST BRANDS FLOUR AND MEAL, TOBACCO, SNUFF, &c.

—AT—

C. W. ELLIOTT'S.

The Southern Stock Mutual Insurance Company,

OF GREENSBORO, N. C.,

—OFFERS CHEAPER FIRE INSURANCE—

By making every policy-holder a sharer in the profits of the company. All profits except a reserve of ten per cent. are returned to the policy-holders.

CAPITAL $100,000.00

Subscribed by twenty capitalists, whose names represent over five millions of dollars.

POLICY-HOLDERS ARE NON-ASSESSABLE.

DIRECTORS:—L. Banks Holt, Bennehan Cameron, A. F. Page, Thos. M. Holt, J. S. Carr, Sam'l McD. Tate, Lawrence S. Holt, D. G. Worth, Donald MacRae, J. S. Spencer, E. D. Latta, Wm. E Holt James P Sawyer, Edwin Shaver, F. J. Murdock, J. W. Scott, J. Van Lindley, L. M. Scott, E. P. Wharton, J. M. Worth.

OFFICERS:—J. M. Worth, President; E. P. Wharton, Vice-President; A. W. McAlister, Secretary and Treasurer.

When your policy expires see that it is renewed in the Southern Stock Mutual Insurance Company.

J. A. PEMBERTON, Agent.

3-21-95 4t FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

DeGendron Childrens Carriages.

FOR SALE BY

S. SHEETZ & SONS,

FURNITURE DEALERS,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

COLUMBIA BICYCLES

The Standard for All.

—Have you feasted your eyes upon the beauty and grace of the—

1895 COLUMBIAS?

Have you tested and compared them with all other makes? Only by such testing can you know how fully the Columbia justifies its proud title of the

Standard for the World!

ANY SINGLE MODEL OR EQUIPMENT YOUR TASTE MAY REQUIRE—ALL **$100.00.**

TANDEMS $150.00.

HARTFORD BICYCLES ARE $80, $60, $50.

They are the NEXT BEST machines to Columbias.

FOR SALE BY

SEDBERRY BROS.,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

SPECIAL GRAND OFFER

—IN—

WALL PAPER.

$1 00 to $6.00 Per Room, including Borders.

We have made special arrangements with a great Wall Paper Manufacturer of New York, whereby we are able to offer the trade the greatest opportunity to buy high grade wall papers at about the cost of production. Samples and circular showing how many pieces of paper a room requires and how to hang paper, sent free on application. See these prices: 8c. per roll; Golds, 12c. per roll; Embossed Golds, 28c., formerly $1.50. Latest styles used by the elite of New York. As this offer only holds good for a limited time, you should make your selections and purchase goods at once. Orders sent C. O. D. Address all communications to

S. SHEETZ & SONS,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

NIMOCKS & COOK,

INSURANCE.

High Art Clothing,

Made by the Most Fashionable Tailors in New York City.

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED A BEAUTIFUL LINE OF SPRING SAMPLES

—FROM THE—

HIGH ART TAILORING ESTABLISHMENT

OF NEW YORK CITY,

—AND CAN FURNISH YOU AN ELEGANT SUIT—

MADE to MEASURE for $12.00

THE ABOVE FIRM KEEP NO READY MADE STOCK ON HAND, BUT DO AN EXCLUSIVE MERCHANT TAILORING BUSINESS.

We take your measure and guarantee a fit or NO SALE.

H. R. NOVITZKY,

Sole Agent for High Art Clothing Establishment.

R. T. THOMAS,

successor to A. Deaver.

Butcher of Select Cattle,

Mutton and Pork in Season.

By conducting a first-class business in the section of the Market House recently vacated by the city fire department, I will strive to MERIT A SHARE OF THE PATRONAGE IN MY LINE.

Respectfully,

R. T. THOMAS.

3-14-95

Notice to Truckers!

I have added Veneer Machinery to my Spirit and Oil Barrel Manufactory, and will be able to offer in time for this season's demands a full supply of

Truck Barrels,

Baskets and Crates,

suitable for general wants and at lowest prices.

Confer with me before buying elsewhere.

R. M. NIMOCKS.

3-14-95 1m

S.S.S. Heals Running Sores. Cures the Serpent's Sting. **S.S.S.**

CONTAGIOUS BLOOD POISON In all its stages completely eradicated by S. S. S. Obstinate sores and ulcers yield to its healing powers. It removes the poison and builds up the system. A valuable treatise on the disease and its treatment mailed free.

SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., Atlanta, Ga.

MARBLE AND GRANITE

Monuments AND Headstones.

The public is cordially invited to visit my yard, where they will always find a choice collection of

Monuments

—AND—

Headstones

to select from. My workmanship stands

SECOND TO NONE

in the South, and my prices are as low as can be obtained for strictly first-class work. A large lot of DESIGNS to select from.

Very respectfully,

E. L. REMSBURG,

Prop. Fayetteville Marble and Granite Works.

LOW TARIFF PRICES

—ON—

FURNITURE.

Call and examine my Stock.

Suits from $8.00 UP.

Bedsteads, Bureaus, Washstands, Chairs, Tables, Lounges, Hall Racks, Safes, Bed Springs,

—AND—

HOME-MADE MATRESSES

A SPECIALTY.

Very respectfully,

J. H. ROBINSON, JR.

—FOR THE HEALING OF THE NATIONS—

Botanic Blood Balm

THE GREAT SOUTHERN REMEDY FOR

All Skin and Blood Diseases

B B B

It purifies, builds up and enriches the blood, and never fails to cure the most inveterate BLOOD AND SKIN DISEASES, if directions are followed. Thousands of grateful people sound its praises and attest its virtues.

☞ WRITE for Book of Wonderful Cures, sent free on application.

If not kept by your local druggist, send $1.00 for large bottle, or $5.00 for six bottles, and medicine will be sent, freight paid, by

BLOOD BALM CO., Atlanta, Ga.

For sale by

B. E. SEDBERRY & SON,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C.

Mexican Mustang Liniment

for

Burns,
Caked & Inflamed Udders.
Piles,
Rheumatic Pains,
Bruises and Strains.
Running Sores,
Inflammations,
Stiff joints,
Harness & Saddle Sores,
Sciatica,
Lumbago,
Scalds,
Blisters,
Insect Bites,
All Cattle Ailments,
All Horse Ailments,
All Sheep Ailments,

Penetrates Muscle, Membrane and Tissue Quickly to the Very Seat of Pain and Ousts it in a Jiffy.

Rub in Vigorously.

Mustang Liniment conquers Pain, Makes Man or Beast well again.

A Democratic Signal Gun.

Let the people, the honest masses, the democratic voters of the country, take heart. Far in the northwest, the democrats of Michigan have met together in convention and have fired the signal gun of the campaign which, beginning now, will continue without intermission until the gold gamblers shall be vanquished, and their political agents scourged out of the people's halls of legislation.

We, therefore, bid the people take heart, and, with renewed courage, lift the democratic party out of the ditch into which its traitorous leaders have cast it, and place it on its feet again. The democrats of Michigan have spoken, and with no uncertain sound. As a message to the people at large and to democrats in every part of our common country, the declaration of the Michigan democrats ought to be instrumental in reviving the hopes and energies of those who have been made the victims of the British gold standard.

Such a declaration might have been expected from the democrats of the south or west, but the fact that it comes from the land of Don M. Dickinson, and from the borders of the state, that has given the supple Vilas to the country, ought to inspire and encourage the honest voters of the country to stand by true democratic principles. There is no equivocation or uncertainty about the platform of the Michigan democrats. It declares that "the democratic party in convention assembled hails with delight the rapidly increasing sentiment in favor of the restoration of silver to the position it so long held in the monetary system of our country, and unqualifiedly declares in favor of the free and unlimited coinage of silver and gold with full legal tender power at a ratio of 16 to 1, and we invite every patriotic citizen of Michigan, regardless of previous party affiliations, to join us in an imperative demand for immediate legislation to that end, regardless of the position of any other nation with respect thereto."

This bold and unmistakable declaration is not only encouraging, but surprising. It is surprising because there has been a supposition in some quarters that the democratic party of Michigan is mortgaged to the cuckoos who are goldbugs because Mr. Cleveland favors the British gold standard. It has been fondly hoped by the goldbug conspirators that Don M. Dickinson, who long ago received his diploma as a leading cuckoo, had the democratic party of Michigan in his pocket. It has been the idea that the noble example of abject and flatulent cuckooism set by Vilas, of Wisconsin, would have some sort of effect in the neighboring state of Michigan.

But the people of Michigan seem to have taken the matter in their own hands, and the result is that the democrats have made a bold and clear declaration in favor of American bimetallism and against the British gold standard, and have given a clarion call to democratic duty.

Let the people get together in behalf of this fundamental and vital democratic principle.

The New Election Law.

Charlotte Times.

The Populists required as the price of fusion a fair election law. Both Populists and Republicans promised that if they were put in power they would give the people a fair election law. Their election law appeared in the Times last week and we desire to call attention to a few of its provisions.

In the first place it is not fair. It gives the fusionists a majority of the registrars, poll-holders and judges of election. They can refuse to accept a challenge, throw out legal votes on a pretext, or refuse to throw out illegal votes as they choose.

They are to be appointed by the clerk of court upon the recommendation of the chairman of the state executive committee of each party. This means that the most partisan men in each township will be appointed, men who will run rough-shed over the minority of these boards.

Senator Adams (Dem.) of Moore county, offered an amendment giving the Prohibition party equal representation among the poll-holders and judges. This amendment was only giving a just right to the Prohibition party and was unfair to none yet it was defeated and defeated only because it was fair. Another amendment providing that where two parties combined and only had one ticket in the field they should be treated as one party. This amendment was also defeated because it was fair.

The Senator from Mecklenburg offered an amendment that each registrar and poll holder should be of *at least moderately good moral character*. This amendment like the others was defeated because it was offered by a Democrat and that too in the interest of fairness to all parties. The same Senator offered an amendment that no member of a secret politieal society should act as poll holder or registrar. This amendment was also voted down. All of these amendments were in the interest of farmers in elections yet every one of them was voted down. They were voted down because the Republicans want to be in absolute control of the election machinery so as to secure control of the state at the next election. The Populists didn't have the manhood to raise a protest in the interest of fairness.

As the law now stands the fusionists have the power, and in many cases a disposition to use it, whereby they can throw out, count out, or kick out the Democrats upon the slightest pretext. Is this a fair election law? Is this what was promised the people?

Mr. Depew expresses the opinion that the Income-Tax law will be sustained by the Supreme Court. He says: "If you search the records of the courts you will find that in every case where a tax law is involved the court invariably decides against those who combat the law." The reason he assigns is that "the Government must have money," and that the courts decide with "judicial loyalty to the Treasury." The Judges would hardly relish, being put on this low business plane. And yet with a deficiency of $50,000,000 in the revenues the nullification of a tax that will produce this sum, and probably more, is not a light matter. It would mean an early extra session of Congress, with a call upon the Republicans to produce their plan for increasing the revenue.—*New York World.*

Strength and Health.

If you are not feeling strong and healthy, try Electric Bitters. If "La Grippe" has left you weak and weary, use Electric Bitters. This remedy acts directly on Liver, Stomach and Kidneys, gently aiding these organs to perform their functions. If you are afflicted with Sick Headache, you will find speedy and permanent relief by taking Electric Bitters. One trial will convince you that this is the remedy you need. Large bottles only 50c. at B. E. Sedberry & Son's Drug Store.

Catarrh Cannot be Cured

with LOCAL APPLICATIONS, as they cannot reach the seat of the disease. Catarrh is a blood or constitutional disease, and in order to cure it you must take internal remedies. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces. Hall's Catarrh Cure is not a quack medicine. It was prescribed by one of the best physicians in this country for years, and is a regular prescription. It is composed of the best tonics known, combined with the best blood purifiers, acting directly on the mucous surfaces. The perfect combination of the two ingredients is what produces such wonderful results in curing Catarrh. Send for testimonials, free.

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—AND IN THE—

CITY of FAYETTEVILLE,

IN WHOLE OR IN PART FOR SALE.

A. C. BRADY,

FAYETTEVILLE, N. C

12-6-94 tf

NORTH CAROLINA, } In the
CUMBERLAND COUNTY. } Superior Court.

Owen Priest
vs.
W. P. Boggs & Bella Boggs.

NOTICE OF LIS PENDENS.

Notice is hereby given that an action entitled as above has been brought by the plaintiff against the defendant to enforce the performance of a certain contract wherein the defendant promised and agreed to execute to the plaintiff a deed of mortgage on certain lands described in the complaint herein and for other relief, which said action is now pending in the Superior Court of Cumberland County.

This 11th day of March, 1895.

W. H. McNEILL,
Att'y for Plaintiff.

3-17-95

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Weakness, Nervousness, Debility, and all the train of evils from early errors or later excesses, the results of overwork, sickness, worry, etc. Full strength, development and tone given to every organ and portion of the body. Simple, natural methods. Immediate improvement seen. Failure impossible. 2,000 references. Book, explanation and proofs mailed (sealed) free.

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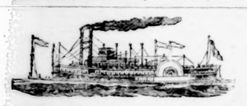

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YEMASSEE.....Saturday, March 16
CROATAN.....Saturday, March 23

WILMINGTON FOR NEW YORK.

CROATAN.....Monday, March 18
ONEIDA.....Sunday, March 24
CROATAN.....Sunday, March 31

WILMINGTON FOR GEORGETOWN, S. C.

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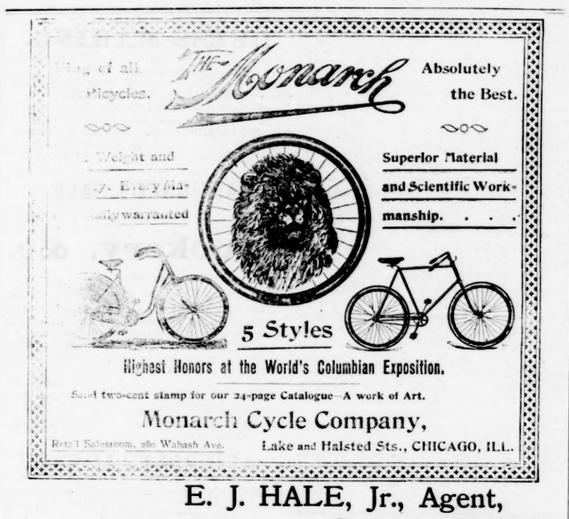
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9-27-94 tf Cor. Hay and Winslow Sts.

NOTICE.

W. M. THOMAS, who is well known to the Grocery trade of this city, would respectfully call the attention of the public to the fact that he has accepted a position with Mr E. L. Clark, Wholesale and Retail Grocer and dealer in Dry Goods, Notions, &c., where he would be glad to see his old friends and former customers He guarantees politeness, fair dealing and lowest possible prices. Call and see him before buying elsewhere.

1-10-95 tf

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CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

In Effect Feb. 17th, 1895.

NORTH BOUND.	No. 2, Daily
Leave Wilmington,	7:25 a. m
Arrive Fayetteville,	10:35 "
Leave Fayetteville,	10:55 "
Leave Fayetteville Junction,	10:58 "
Leave Sanford,	12:18 p. m.
Leave Climax,	2:20 "
Arrive Greensboro,	2:50 "
Leave Greensboro,	3:00 "
Leave Stokesdale,	3:55 "
Arrive Walnut Cove,	4:25 "
Leave Walnut Cove,	4:33 "
Leave Rural Hall,	5:01 "
Arrive Mt. Airy,	6:25 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 1, Daily
Leave Mt. Airy,	9:45 a. m.
Leave Rural Hall,	11:06 "
Arrive Walnut Cove,	11:35 "
Leave Walnut Cove,	11:45 "
Leave Stokesdale,	12:13 p. m.
Arrive Greensboro,	12:58 "
Leave Greensboro,	1:04 "
Leave Climax,	1:32 "
Leave Sanford,	3:17 "
Arrive Fayetteville Junction,	4:28 "
Arrive Fayetteville,	4:33 "
Leave Fayetteville,	4:45 "
Arrive Wilmington,	7:55 "

NORTH BOUND.	No, 4, Daily
Leave Bennettsville,	7:00 a. m
Leave Maxton,	8:07 "
Leave Red Springs,	8:46 "
Leave Hope Mills,	9:41 "
Arrive Fayetteville,	10:05 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 3, Daily
Leave Fayetteville,	4:38 p. m.
Leave Hope Mills,	4:59 "
Leave Red Springs,	5:40 "
Arrive Maxton,	6:12 "
Leave Maxton,	6:20 "
Arrive Bennettsville,	7:25 "

NORTH BOUND.	No. 16, Mixed, Daily Except Sunday.
Leave Ramseur,	6:50 a. m
Leave Climax,	8:35 "
Arrive Greensboro,	9:20 "
Leave Greensboro,	9:35 "
Leave Stokesdale,	10:57 "
Arrive Madison	11:55 "

SOUTH BOUND.	No. 15, Mixed, Daily Except Sunday.
Leave Madison,	12:25 p. m.
Leave Stokesdale,	1:27 "
Arrive Greensboro,	2:38 "
Leave Greensboro,	3:05 "
Leave Climax,	4:00 "
Arrive Ramseur,	5:40 "

NORTH BOUND CONNECTIONS

Trains No. 2 and 4 connect at Fayetteville Junction with the Atlantic Coast Line for all points North and East. Train No. 2 connects at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line, North and South bound, and at Greensboro with the Richmond & Danville R. R., North and South bound, and at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western R. R. for Winston Salem. Train No. 15 connects at Madison with the Norfolk & Western R. R. for Roanoke and all points North and West

SOUTH BOUND CONNECTIONS.

Train No. 1 connects at Walnut Cove with the Norfolk & Western R. R. for Roanoke and all points North and West, and at Greensboro with the Richmond & Danville R. R., North and South Bound, and at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line for all points North and South, and at Fayetteville Junction with the Atlantic Coast Line for Charleston, Jacksonville, and all Florida points. Train No. 3 connects at Maxton with the Seaboard Air Line for Charlotte, Atlanta and all points South.

W. E. KYLE, General Passenger Agent.

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Wilmington & Weldon R. R.

AND BRANCHES

AND FLORENCE RAILROAD

Condensed Schedule.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

DATED Jan. 27, 1895	No. 23 Daily.	No. 35 Daily.	No. 41. Daily.
	A. M.	P. M.	A. M.
Leave Weldon..	11 53	9 27	.....
Ar. Rocky Mount	12 57	10 20	.....
Leave Tarboro..	12 20	.....	.....
Lv Rocky Mount	1 05	10 20	6 00
Leave Wilson...	2 03	11 03	.....
Leave Selma....	2 53	.....	.....
Lv. Fayetteville	4 30	12 55	.....
Arrive Florence	7 15	3 00	.....

	No. 47 Daily.
	P. M.
Leave Wilson...	2 08
Leave Goldboro.	2 55
Leave Magnolia.	4 02
Ar. Wilmington.	5 30
	P. M.

	No. 39 Daily.
	A. M.
Leave Wilson...	6 35
Leave Goldboro.	7 20
Leave Magnolia.	8 29
Ar. Wilmington.	10 00
	A. M.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

DATED Jan. 27, 1895.	No. 78 Daily.	No. 32. Daily.	No. 40. Daily.
	A. M.	P. M.	
Leave Florence	8 15	7 15	.....
Lv. Fayetteville	10 55	9 19	.....
Leave Selma....	12 32	.....	.....
Arrive Wilson..	1 20	11 15	.....
Leave Tarboro..	2 48	.....	.....

	No. 42 Daily.
	A. M.
Lv. Wilmington	9 20
Leave Magnolia	10 56
Leave Goldsboro	12 05
Arrive Wilson..	1 00

	No. 78 Daily.	No. 32 Daily.
	P. M.	P. M.
Leave Wilson...	1 30	11 20
Ar Rocky Mount	2 33	12 02
Arrive Tarboro.	2 48	.....
Lv Rocky Mount	2 33	12 02
Arrive Weldon..	3 48	12 54
	P. M.	A. M.

	P. M.	P. M.	A. M.
Leave Wilson...	1 30	11 20	10 32
Ar Rocky Mount	2 33	12 02	11 15
Arrive Tarboro.	2 48	.....	.....
Lv Rocky Mount	2 33	12 02	.....
Arrive Weldon..	3 48	12 54	.....
	P. M.	A. M.	P. M.

†Daily except Monday ‡Daily except Sunday.

Train on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leaves Weldon 3:48 P M, Halifax 4:05 P M, arrive Scotland Neck at 4:55 P M. Greenville 6:37 P M., Kinston 7:35 P M. Returning, leaves Kinston 7:20 A M, Greenville 8:22 A M. Arriving Halifax at 10:55 A M. Weldon 11.20 A M, daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 5:00 A. M., arrives Parmele 8:40 A. M., Tarboro 9:50 A M; returning leaves Tarboro 4:50 P M, Parmele 6:10 P. M., arrives Washington 7:35 P. M. Daily except Sunday. Connects with trains on Scotland Neck Branch.

Train leaves Tarboro, N C, daily except Sunday at 5:00 P M, Sunday 3:00 P M; arrives Plymouth 9:00 P M, 5:25 P M. Returning leaves Plymouth daily, except Sunday, 6:00 A M, Sunday 9:30 A M, arrive Tarboro 10:25 A M, and 11:45 A M.

Train on Midland N C Branch leaves Goldsboro daily except Sunday, 6:05 A M, arriving Smithfield 7:35 A M. Returning, leaves Smithfield 8:00 A. M; arrive Goldsboro 9:30 A M.

Train on Nashville Branch leaves Rocky Mount at 4:30 P M, arrives Nashville 5:05 P M, Spring Hope 5:30 P M. Returning, leaves Spring Hope 8:0 A M, Nashville 8:35 A M, arrive Rocky Mount 9:05 A M, daily, except Sunday.

Trains on Latta Branch Florence R R leave Latta 6:40 P M; arrive Dunbar 7:50 P M. Returning leave Dunbar 6:30 A M; arrive Latta 7:50 A M. Daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton, Daily, except Sunday, at 4:10 P M. Returning, leaves Clinton at 7:20 A M., connecting at Warsaw with main line trains.

Train No 78 makes close connection at Weldon for all points North daily, all rail via Richmond, and daily except Sunday via Portsmouth and Bay Line. Also at Rocky Mount with Norfolk and Carolina Railroad for Norfolk daily and all points north via Norfolk daily except Sunday.

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Administrator's Notice.

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All persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having legal claims against the same will present them without delay in proper order for settlement to

HARRY NESBIT, of Milton, Penn.,
Acting for the Administrators, Mary L. Gray and Ellen J. Nesbit, late of Dauphin Co., Pa

March 7, 1895—6t

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